BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. VII. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1875. NO. 14

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

POLITICAL NOTES.

—All these loud Democratic professions of reform were intended, like the hawker's razors, to sell and not to shave. The swindled people have just found it out.

—Illinois is now the only Western State afflicted with a Democratic Legislature still in session. We sympathize with her in the suffering she is called upon to bear.

—It is now reasonably certain that Governor Hartranft's re-nomination will be unanimous. It ought to be. It is a compliment he has long since earned by an honest, careful, prudent, patriotic administration of the affairs of the people.

—Gordon, a Democratic member of the Ohio House of Representatives from Cincinnati, is disgusted with the record made by his party friends in the Legislature. He says, "the party may go to the devil, where it belongs." He ought to know where it belongs.

—Governor Hartranft's illness has been more serious than was generally thought. He is still confined to his house, but, we are glad to announce, is in a fair way of speedy recovery. The last of his approving legislation was the 15th of March, since which time he has been confined to his room almost constantly.

—The omission of the name of Senator Wallace from both of the Railroad Committees of the United States Senate can scarcely be considered accidental. It looks as if the Republican majority in that body intend to steer clear of the rocks of subsidies and the shoals of land grants to railroad corporations.

—Ex-Governor Walker, of Virginia, proposes that the National Government shall assume the debts of all the States. The Democracy are very tenacious about State Rights and bellow lustily when the General Government interferes to preserve the peace, but are perfectly willing that it shall pay their State debts.

—The Republican party throughout the State are preparing for an active, offensive campaign, and the faithful newspapers everywhere are a unit in demanding that the party nominate only the strongest and most available men as local candidates. The cry is general to throw overboard the dead weights who have been hanging on the party for years and take up fresh, active, strong men.

—How the cloven foot comes out when the Democracy have to pass on the record of a soldier. The Democratic party all the country over declares against General Hancock for the Presidency because he is a soldier, but seats ninety Confederate soldiers in Congress, at one election. It makes all the difference in the world with that party whether a man fights for or against his country.

—The Republican Standing Committee of Union county, met at Lewisburg, on the 27th ult., and elected Hon. G. F. Miller, of Lewisburg, Senatorial delegate, and Captain B. C. Ammon, of Winfield, Representative delegate to the Republican State Convention. They were unanimously instructed for Governor Hartranft for Governor, and Hon. C. S. Wolfe, of Union county, for State Treasurer.

—New York has a Democratic Legislature; and one of the matters before it is a proposition to refund out of the treasury of the State the moneys paid by any citizen of New York to procure a substitute to serve for him under the drafts ordered by the United States during the late war. The measure cannot pass, but it does reveal the spirit of the Democracy. No such movement can ever be brought before a Republican Legislature.

—The Democrats in the Illinois Legislature announce that no bill shall be allowed to pass until the Republicans permit the Registry law to pass, which they will not do. The Democrats have but one object before them—an unlimited chance to cheat at elections; and if they cannot do that, they will block the wheels of legislation, and bring the State government to a stand still, if possible. It is a great pity that these poor devils should be baulked in their effort to carry elections by fraud. They can never carry them in any other way.

THE AMENDED POSTAL LAWS.

There is great dissatisfaction throughout the country at the postal legislation of the late session, which doubled the rate of postage on transient newspapers, books and all mail matters of this class. It is said to have been a blunder, and we are inclined to think it was, but it is an inexcusable one. The express companies have had a powerful lobby at Washington all winter, who have labored to have the postage on merchandise passing through the mails, doubled, because the operation of the law which admitted packages of goods into the mails, of four pounds weight and under, diminished by so much, the profits of the express business.

Influenced by this outside pressure of interested parties, Congress intended to pass a bill which would effect the postage only on packages of merchandise, but by a stupid blunder in drafting the bill, it was so worded, as to include all mail matter belonging to the third class, and where one cent was required to send a newspaper weighing two ounces, two cents are now required.

It is hardly to be expected that in the hurry and excitement incident to the closing of a Congress, that we shall escape all hasty and blundering legislation, but this is certainly one of the most inexcusable mistakes ever perpetrated by any Congress. Mr. Hamlin, of Maine, had charge of the bill in the Senate, and Mr. Garfield in the House, and it was their especial duty to see that it expressed in its provisions only the intent and meaning of Congress, and because this was their especial duty, the wording of the measure was probably not so closely scrutinized by other members as it would have been if it had had no sponsers. We think the Postmaster General would have been justified in placing such a construction upon the amendment as would have carried out the intention of Congress and nothing more; but he has seen fit to interpret it according to the ordinary construction of language, and we must stand it, at least until the next assembling of Congress.

The suddenness with which the law was passed and enforced, must have given rise to a great amount of annoyance. No circular was issued from the Department to inform the people of the change in the law, and the first intimation received by senders that such a law was in force, was a notice that their mail matter was held for insufficient postage. Of course, in the various post offices of the country, a vast amount of mail matter, especially of the merchandise class, must have accumulated, where it would be almost impossible to find out and notify the sender, of the insufficient prepayment of postage, and in such cases it will take a long time to rectify the mistake. The annoyance which this law entails upon a class of business men, is illustrated by a case which has lately come to our knowledge: A publisher had arranged to send out one hundred and sixty thousand numbers of his paper in separate wrappers, and had purchased his stamps at a cost of sixteen hundred dollars. There was a delay of a few days in getting ready so large a mail, and in the mean time this law was suddenly put in force, and the amount of stamps must be doubled.

It will readily be seen what an injustice the law worked in this case, and although this is an exceptional case, yet there are many others which will bear just as hard upon the victims, although the amount be smaller, for the reason that they are less able to pay.

In the passage of this law, no party lines were drawn, but it was supported by members of both parties, and the yeas and nays, though called for, were refused.

It may be proper for us to state, that the only feature of the new postage law to which we especially object, is the one which requires the postage to be doubled on printed matter. A general diffusion of knowledge is so all important, that no burdensome and unnecessary tax should be laid upon the means by which it is disseminated. It is not the same with mere merchandise, and if this is carried through the mails, it should not be carried at a loss to the Government.

We have no doubt that this obnoxious amendment will be modified early in the next session, and in the meantime we must submit as patiently as we can.

THE GOLD FEVER.

Companies are already being organized for the purpose of sending expeditions to the Black Hills country, but whether this action is had in anticipation of the purchase by the Government of this reservation from the Sioux Indians, to whom it rightfully belongs, or whether it is intended to enter upon the territory in sufficient force to overcome any resistance which may be made by the owners, does not yet appear. A serious obstacle in the way of purchase, is the fact, that a large portion of the tribe refuse to give their consent to the sale under any circumstances. At the head of this party is the famous Red Cloud. A small party are willing to sell, but they seem not to have any idea of numerical values. They can comprehend the value of a pile of blankets and a barrel of fire-water, but of the sum of a hundred thousand dollars, they appear not to have the least conception. It has been suggested that a compromise may be made by giving them as much land in another direction, as would be embraced in the much coveted Black Hills, but even the dull intellect of a Sioux will not be long in comprehending the fact that a section of gold-bearing quartz is of infinitely more value than the same area of sage brush, and his awakening to the fact that he has been cheated, will be accompanied by a desire for revenge. The result will be a border war costing more than the whole territory is worth.

The Sioux consider General Custar's expedition as a gross violation of treaty stipulations, and they will naturally regard that incursion as the cause of subsequent invasion of their territory by gold-seeking parties. Whether or not General Custar violated any treaty rights, we are not prepared to say, but the invasion of the country by miners can be regarded in no other light. The ultimate results of the issue will depend entirely upon the value of the country for gold mining purposes. If it is as rich as the explorers report, its future may be read in the history of California and Nevada. The few thousands of Sioux can make no successful resistance against the throngs of excited gold-seekers, which will speedily swarm into the Black Hills country. But if it shall prove a veritable El Dorado, the bloodshed and misery which a frontier war will produce, will overbalance all the gold that will ever be obtained from these rugged hills.

A letter written by General Sheridan, which has just been published, will be likely to cool the ardor of those adventurous spirits who are so anxious to encroach upon the rights of the Indians in the mad pursuit of filthy lucre. General Sheridan traces back the origin of the delusive stories of gold in the Black Hills to Father Desmit, a Catholic missionary, who heard it from the Indians. The substance of this story was, that while he was living with the Sioux Indians, he was shown by them nuggets of gold, which they informed him had been obtained at different places in the Black Hills country, and when he told them that this yellow metal was very valuable, they said they knew where a whole mountain of it could be found. Investigation showed that the so called mountain of gold was only a mountain of yellow mica, a mineral which is very abundant in that region. The nuggets of gold described by Desmet, are supposed to have been obtained from the beds of the Big Horn, Rosebud and Powder rivers, and from the branches of the Tongue river. The concluding portions of General Sheridan's letter are as follows:

"The discovery of the particles of gold by Gen. Custar's expedition near Harney's Peak, on the eastern slope of the Black Hills of Cheyenne, followed, and again brought to the surface Father Desmet's story. The Black Hills of Cheyenne described by Gen. Custar, are situated between the north and south forks of that river, one of which is known as Belle Fourche, the other the South Fork, and although I have the utmost confidence in the statements of Gen. Custar and Gen. Forsythe, of my staff, that gold was found near Harney's Peak, I may safely say there has not been any fair test made yet to determine its existence in large quantities.

There is not a territory in the West where gold does not exist, but in many of them the quantity is limited to the color, which is as much as has yet been obtained near Harney's Peak. The geological specimens brought back by Custar's expedition are not favorable indications of the existence of gold in great quantities. Still it may be there, but as the treaty of 1869 duly ratified virtually deeds this portion of the Black Hills to the Sioux Indians, there is no alternative but to keep out trespassers."

The Government has finally determined to send a geologist to the Black Hills, who will go by way of Cheyenne with a cavalry escort. It is understood, that the Sioux have consented, and that the geologist will be accompanied by one of their chiefs. The purpose of the Government is to ascertain fully whether gold really exists there, and if the region is to be treated for, what sum there should be offered for it.

WHITHER HAS JUSTICE FLED?

We have yet to hear of the first white man punished in any way for the deliberate, cold-blooded, cowardly massacre at Trenton, Tennessee. It will be remembered that a number of persons were arrested for this national crime by the United States authorities, and taken out of their hands by the State authorities, on the ground loudly proclaimed, that Tennessee had laws and courts to punish just such cases, and would faithfully use them. Neither have we heard of any one being brought to justice for Coushatta midnight massacre of Northern white men who had dared to settle in Louisiana and allowed themselves to be elected parish officers by negro votes.

The foolish cry raised by the Democracy of "Carpet baggers" has contributed in a great measure to prevent the punishment of these murderers; as though an American citizen was not as much at home in Georgia as in Maine, in Pennsylvania as in California! Wherever a citizen of this great republic sets his foot within its boundaries, there is his home and he is entitled to every consideration of respect and protection. The Democracy cannot escape the issue that in this matter they have placed themselves upon the side of the lawless, that they have encouraged riots, and murder, and arson, the ravishing of innocent women; these cold blooded murderers encouraged by their Democratic allies have even taken the lives of little children!

Whither has justice fled? Certainly she no longer resides in Tennessee or Louisiana. Nor do we think she has taken refuge in the Territories where the most infamous of white desperadoes are plundering and murdering Indians with impunity. It is only when the Negroes or Indians defend themselves or retaliate, that Justice wakes up in all her majesty. Can this great Republic afford to go on year after year writing up such a record of partiality and injustice against herself as has been done for its first century in her treatment of the so-called inferior races?

There is, whatever some may say, a God who rules the world, and who is inflexibly just; let us beware of His rod of iron, which dashes in pieces the unjust of the earth like potsherds.

Such reflections are specially in order when it is ascertained that the amendment to the Constitution which was to secure equal rights to the colored race in the South is inoperative—in fact, so much waste paper—so far as regards intimidation, coercion of voters, Ku-Klux murders, and every kind of crime which has disgraced the South. Made inoperative by the encouragment which these lawless men have received from the Democratic successes of last year; will not the people be lead to inquire why these men look upon the Democracy as friendly to them, and willing to shield them from the consequences of their sins? Is not the answer found in the "Democratic Watchman" which loses no opportunity to cast reproach upon the memory of our illustrious dead, to snear at the boys in blue, and place them upon a level with assassins and rebels. The soldiers of Centre county should remember this in coming elections; all lovers of good, order, liberty, justice, and equal right should make a note of it; all who fear God and desire to keep his commandments, should see to it, that by no vote or act of theirs are they made a party to these crimes.

THE LOBBY.—A righteous decision was rendered in the United States Supreme Court last week, respecting the claims of lobbyists for compensation for their services. The case was appealed from the Superior Court of the District of Columbia and the point decided was, that claims for lobby services are not founded on good morals and cannot be maintained in the courts. The action was brought by Mr. Child against the administrator of the late N. P. Trist for services rendered in procuring action by Congress for his relief in the matter of his claims for compensation for negotiating the treaty of Guadaloup Hidalgo. There was a recovery below and the decree is here reversed on the ground stated in the opinion. The court say the agreement in the case was for the sale of the influence and exertions of a lobby agent, to bring about the passage of a private claim without reference to its merits, by means which if not corrupt, were illegitimate, and considered in connection with the pecuniary interests of the agent, contrary to the soundest principles of public policy. No one has a right in such circumstances to put himself in a position of temptation to do what is regarded as so pernicious in its character. The law forbids the inchoate step, and puts the seal of its reprobation upon the undertaking.

This decision is in accordance with the moral sentiment of the country, but we presume its every effect will be to impel lobbyists to insist on having their pay before performing the service. Lobbyists move in respectable society in Washington. They are often on intimate terms with Congressmen and may frequently be seen on the floor of the House and Senate. Their occupation is declared by the courts to be immoral, but the average Congressmen will care little for such a decision.

A GANG of Mexican outlaws are raiding the Texas border, and committing every species of vandalism. Houses and stores are robbed and burned, the inhabitants subjected to the cruelest outrages and then murdered. The cattle have been driven from many of the ranches and the rancheros killed. The band numbers five to six hundred. Government troops are concentrating there to drive them back or capture them.

IN another column will be found another communication upon the State Senate. The *Watchman* seems to think that Mr. Gephart is being recommended in the wrong place. We certainly are not publishing a Democratic paper, but we are always ready to give to honest men a hearing upon any proper subject. We are opposed to corruption everywhere, therefore we say to our Democratic friends who want to defeat the corrupt combination which has its "Head Centre" in this city, that if they can not be heard through their own so called organ, we will give them a hearing. Perhaps we have some information in regard to the willingness of the *Watchman* to bring out Democratic candidates which our correspondent does not possess. Last fall the name of Samuel Gilliland was sent to that paper as a candidate for assembly, but Mr. Meek refused to publish it. How does this action agree with the assertion of the *Watchman* week before last, "that its columns were open to all, and instead of shutting down on any one, they would gladly welcome any suggestions that any Democrat might have to make for the benefit of the party?" Perhaps that paper did not think the suggestion of Mr. Gilliland's name as a candidate for assembly, for the good of the party, i. e., because he is not a Meek man. Is that it? Is Meek the Democratic party, and the Democratic party Meek? Having some interest in Centre county politics, we should like to know. Who can tell?

STATE ITEMS.

—The bay at Erie is free from ice, or nearly so.

—The United Brethern have a new church at Conemaugh.

—There were 279 deaths in Williamsport during the year of 1874.

—They are forming a company in Emlenton to go to the Black Hills.

—Warren, Pa., has a new $29,000 jail. They couldn't get along without it.

—A dead infant was found in the doorway of a bank in Scranton, last week.

—The Edwin Forrest mansion, in Philadelphia, will be sold in a few days.

—Pottsville is to have a magazine, devoted to base ball, to be called the *Bat and Ball*.

—The boys and girls of Tyrone are wrestling with mumps, measles and scarlet fever.

—The Philadelphia police made 2,737 arrests during the month of March.

—The trial of ex-Father Gerdemann for embezzlement will take place in Philadelphia next week.

—Mrs. Christina Riggs, aged eighty years, was found dead in her bed, in Brookville, on Tuesday, 30th ult.

—A Westmoreland county man named Reese unloosed his buckles by taking an ounce and a half of laudanum.

—When a man in Pottstown gets married he might just as well attempt to escape paying taxes as to escape a calathumpian serenade.

—Crawford county, for the first time in many years, is out of funds, and county orders presented to the Treasurer have been refused payment.

—The little busy buzz saw has commenced for the season to improve each shining hour. Joseph Kern, of Seagertown, has lost a couple of fingers. Next.

—The Bucks county *Intelligencer* says the severe weather has made cruel mortality among the birds—that whole flocks of partridges have been frozen to death.

—A gentleman named Gilchrist, of Greensburg, is the owner of three steers, weighing an aggregate of 7,900 pounds. They will be exhibited at the Centennial.

—Miss Bessie Turner, a prominent witness in the Tilton-Beecher suit, has many warm personal friends, who reside at Gallitzin and other parts of Cambria county.

—Out of a population of 3,521,951, Pennsylvania has 2,833,289 church members. That should be encouraging to the religionists—two-thirds of the population church members.

—Here's a chance for marriageable young men. Mrs. Mary Koch, of Reading, 78 years of age, is a first-class hand at quilting, sometimes works till midnight with a needle and is fond of dancing. She is a widow.

—An Indiana Co. Sheriff, named Mongomery, got too close to the heels of a vicious mule in South Bend township the other day. A physician repaired a broken collar bone and three ribs for the unfortunate gentleman.

—Solomon Deatrick, a farmer living near New Paris, Bedford county, committed suicide on the 25th ult., by shooting himself through the head. His creditors were pushing him for payment, it is said, and he became despondent.

—The demise of a woman named Fleck who was aged ninety-one years is reported from Blair county. She was the mother of ten children, the grandmother of seventy-seven children, and the great-grandmother of sixty-seven children.

—Does any person stop to think for a moment how many people are compelled to wear spectacles? In the city of Reading there is a manufactory which turns out 3,000 pairs per week, and in various other localities there are establishments just a large.

—We like to be accommodating and all that, but when we lend a man a pipe, then some tobacco, scratch a match for him, hold it over the combustible weed while he draws, we think it a piece of flagrant imposition on generosity when he asks us to loan him fifty cents.—*Titusville Herald*.

—An Erie firm have received an order for ten car loads of pine lumber from Cuba. It will be shipped to Philadelphia by rail, and thence by sail vessels to its destination. Fifteen years ago the lumber trade of Erie was comparatively nothing; now it aggregates from thirty to forty millions a year.

—There is a railroad engineer on the Middle Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad who knows how to pray. When the unfortunate young man Plummer was run over and fatally injured at Tyrone, a few days ago, the engineer knelt down at his side and prayed with him until the angel of death brushed its wings over the poor victim who had been so horribly mangled.

—Though the ice gorge on the Schuylkill at Pottstown, is a thing of the past, yet there are still huge boulders of ice piled along the sides of the river that will not be likely to disappear for several weeks. In some places these cakes of ice are piled up eight or ten feet high, and they are scattered everywhere along the shore, where the high water of some weeks ago carried and stranded them.

—In November, 1864, Chauncey Lewis, of Union, lost a pocket-book containing nearly $1,000 in notes and $360 in currency. In 1866 the notes were sent him from Buffalo, and on Monday last he received from the hand of Father Lonergan, Catholic clergyman, of Corry, the identical $360 lost more than ten years before. The theft was confessed and the restitution made through the medium of the confessional.

—An eighteen months old child named Lynch, whose parents reside in Willistown township, Chester county, was killed on the 29th ult., by the lower sash of a window falling upon its head. The accident occurred during the absence of the child's parents, the father being at work and the mother having gone to Philadelphia to purchase a stock of whiskey for Easter Sunday. Both Mr. and Mrs. Lynch were very much under the influence of liquor when the inquest was held. The three remaining children were shoeless and ragged.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Poetry.

TOM TWIST.

BY WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER.

Tom Twist was a wonderful fellow,
No boy was so nimble and strong;
He could turn ten somersaults backward,
And stand on his head all day long.
No wrestling, or leaping, or running,
This tough little urchin could tire;
His muscles were all gutta-percha,
And his sinews bundles of wire.

Tom Twist liked the life of a sailor,
So off, with a hop and a skip,
He went to the Nantucket captain,
Who took him on board of his ship.
The vessel was crowded with seamen.
Young, old, stout and slim, short and tall.
But in climbing, swinging, and running,
Tom Twist was ahead of them all.

He could scamper all through the rigging,
As spry and as still as a cat;
While as for a leap from the maintop
To deck, he thought nothing of that;
He danced at the end of the yard-arm,
Slept sound in the bend of a sail,
And hung by his legs from the bowsprit,
When the wind was blowing a gale.

The vessel went down in a tempest,
A thousand fathoms or more;
But Tom Twist dived under the breakers,
And, swimming five miles, got ashore.
The shore was a cannibal island,
The natives were hungry enough;
But they felt of Tommy all over,
And found him entirely too tough.

So they put him into a boy-coop—
Just to fatten him up, you see,—
But Tommy crept out very slyly,
And climbed to the top of a tree.
The tree was the nest of a condor,
A bird with prodigious big wing,
Who lived upon boa-constrictors
And other digestible things.

The condor flew home in the evening,
And there lay friend Tommy so snug,
She thought she had pounced on a very
Remarkable species of bug;
She soon woke him up with her picking,
But Tommy gave one of his springs,
And leaped on the back of the condor,
Between her long neck and her wings.

The condor tried plunging and pitching,
But Tommy held on with firm hand,
Then off, with a scream flew the condor,
O'er forest and ocean and land,
By and by she got tierd of her burden,
And flying quite close to the ground,
Tom untwisted his legs from the creature,
And quickly slipped off with a bound.

He landed all right, and feet foremost,
A little confused by his fall,
And then ascertained he had lighted
On the top of the great Chinese Wall,
He walked to the city of Pekin,
Where he made the Chinamen grin;
He turned ten somersaults backwards,
And they made him a Mandarin.

He sailed for his dear home and harbor
The house of his mother he knew;
He climbed up the lightning-rod quickly,
And came down the chimney-flue.
His mother in slumber lay dreaming
That she never would see him more.
When she opened her eyes, and Tommy
Stood there on the bedroom floor!

THE LOVED AND LOST.

"The loved and lost!" why do we call them lost?
Because we miss them on our downward road?
God's unseen angel o'er our pathway crost,
Look on us all, and loving them the most,
Straightway relieved them from life's weary load.

They are not lost: they are within the door
That shuts our loss, and every hurtful thing—
With angels bright, and loved ones gone before,
In the Redeemer's presence evermore,
And God himself, their Lord, and Judge, and King.

And this we call a "loss!" O selfish sorrow!
O selfish hearts! O we of little faith!
Let us look around some argument to borrow,
Why we in patience should await the morrow,
That surely must succeed this night of death.

Aye, look upon this dreary desert path,
The thorns and thistles whereso'er we turn,
What trials and tears, what wrongs and wrath,
What struggles and what strife the journey hath!
They have escaped from these; and lo! we mourn.

A poor wayfarer, leading by the hand
A little child, had halted by the well
To wash from off her tired feet the clinging sand,
And tell her tired boy of that bright land
Where, that long journey past, they longed to dwell.

When lo! the Lord, who many mansions had,
Drew near and looked upon the suffering twain
Then pitying spake, "Give me the little lad;
I'll bring him with me when I come again."

Did she make answer selfish and wrong—
"Nay, but the woes I feel he too must share!"
O, rather, bursting into greatful song,
She went her way rejoicing, and made strong
To struggle on, since he was free from care.

We will do likewise: death hath made no breach
In love and sympathy, in hope and trust;
No outward sound or sign our ears can reach,
But there's an inward, spiritual speech
That greets us still, though mortal tongues be dust.

It bids us do the work that they laid down—
Take up the song where they broke off the strain;
So journeying till we reach the heavenly town
Where are laid up our treasures and our crown
And our lost loved ones will be found again.

Our Story Teller.

A SHIP-MASTER'S STORY.

In the year 1840 I had command of the ship Philip Sydney. She was in the East India trade, and belonged ostensibly to Lorenzo Gent and Son; but I had owned—or rather my wife had owned, for I had put it in her name—a quarter part for seven of both ship and venture of [illegible] years. It was in the month [illegible] gust of the year named. It was [illegible]e in the afternoon when I started for her, and as I had a few errands to do on the way I took passage on foot. As I was passing along Sea street, my attention was attracted by the sharp cry of a boy—a gasping, frightened cry, as though rung out by the fear of great danger.

I stopped, and beneath a dilapidated wooden archway leading to the dirty court of an old sunken house, I saw a women holding a boy by the collar, with a stick in her upraised hand. She observed me as I stopped, and the blow was suspended, though evidently not given up. The women was a stout, burly, red-faced, shock-headed virago, the fumes of rum making an atmosphere about her peculiarly her own. The boy, had I simply met him on the street, might have passed for the ragged, dirty vagabond which the women declared him to be; but as his face was now turned toward me, with its earnest beseeching, and as the great blue eyes warmed with prayerful light, I found something particularly bright and engaging there.

I asked the woman what was the matter. Her answer was profane and indecent. The boy was a good-for-nothing scamp—and as she spoke she shook the little fellow furiously by way of emphasis.

I asked her if the lad was her child.

With great indignation she said she hoped not. "His mother died on my hands two years ago, and left the brat for my pains—and a great leave it was for me. Ye might beat him till every bone was broken, and that's all the good 'twould do. Perhaps, sir, you'd like to take him and try him a while."

I don't know what possessed me. It was the impulse of the moment; and the boy's eager, imploring look had impressed me. I did not need a boy, though, should he prove to be of the right stuff, I could make use of him. I asked him directly, would he like to go to sea with me.

"In a great ship?" cried he.

"Yes," said I.

"O! may I? may I?"

"If this woman will let you go I will take you."

"Take him in welcome, and a good riddance!" said the woman, shoving him toward me.

I took the boy by the hand and led him away. At a shipping-office I stopped and bought an outfit of good clothing, and there I had him washed and combed and dressed. The change of his toilet was wonderful. I never saw an outward metamorphosis more complete. The boy was proud and happy and hopeful, and was really handsome.

The woman had told me his name was Artie.

"Artie," said I—he must have seen that his looks pleased me—"if you can behave as well as you look you will do very well."

He caught my hand with the same imploring expression which had first attracted me, and with quick, frank impulse, replied,—

"If you'll be good to me, sir, I'll try as hard as ever I can to be good and behave myself."

And that was our compact.

At the office I asked the boy for his name, for the purpose of having it entered upon the papers, but he knew no name except that of Artie. He had never known a father, and he remembered but little of his mother. So we enter him as the, Boy Artie," and let it go at that.

On the morning of the following day I set sail with the boy installed in my cabin. He was quick and bright, and seemed to comprehend my wants by instinct. He did not know his exact age, but we set it down as fourteen, and I established his birthday from the day of his shipping.

On the second day out I discovered that three or four of my men were under the influence of liquor, and one of them was very drunk. This latter man was a Dago, named Carl Muskeet, from the Island of Minorca—large, powerful fellow, with that dark, lowering look which your real Dago always wears when under the influence of extraneous excitement. He was an excellent seaman, and had been eight years in the navy, and had been recommended to me as a first-rate man when sober, though dangerous when drunk. He had come on board my ship drunk, and he was drunk now.

My first move was to send my second mate into the forecastle to see if there was rum concealed there. He returned with the information that Muskeet had a jug of rum in his chest. Finding the Dago ugly, and flatly refusing to give up his liquor, I ordered him to be put in confinement. It required the united force of the two mates and four of the men to secure the fellow, and when he had been bound, hand and foot, I had him stowed away forward to the bitts, after which I ordered the carpenter to break open his chest. The rum was found and cast overboard. The other men who had been drinking gave me no trouble.

Immediately after securing Muskeet the second dog-watch was set. I came up from the cabin after supper, and stood looking at the setting sun. Hearing a cry forward, and the sound of disturbance, I turned, and in the waist, directly beneath the foot of the mainsail, I saw a handspike circling in the air, and I saw men fall upon the deck. Again the handspike swept upward and downward, and I saw my first mate go down beneath it. And then a man, with the heavy spike in his hands come towards me. It was Carl Muskeet, and he was raving mad—in the most dangerous state of rum delerium! He had slipped from his bonds, and his thought was of vengeance for the loss of his rum—or, more likely, a maniac vengeance without thought. He had knocked down every opposition thus far in his way to my life. What was I to do? I was wholly unarmed, and, saving the man at the wheel, I was alone upon the quarter-deck. I had my eye upon him, and I dodged his first blow, and grappled with him. But I was like a child in his hands.

Naturally stronger than I, his mania gave him the strength of a tiger. He bore me to the deck, and I saw that he had dropped the handspike, and had drawn a sheath-knife from his bosom. His knee was upon my breast, and his left hand clutched my throat. His lips were flecked with white froth, his teeth grated like grinding stones, and he was as mad as a maniac could be. His right arm was uplifted, bearing aloft the gleaming knife, and I had no power to stay the blow.

At that moment, just as my eyes were about to close in horror and despair, I was sensible of a shadowy disturbance, in the air above, and on the next instance a heavy weight came dashing down upon us. The madman's uplifted arm was knocked aside, and himself rolled over upon deck. The man at the wheel quickly joined in the fray, and with an iron belaying-pin knocked the knife from Muskeet's hand. The second mate was by this time up from the cabin, and with the running end of the mizzen topgallant halliards we quickly had the maniac so far under control that he was secured without further difficulty.

It was my waif Artie who had saved my life. He had seen the Dago coming toward me, and had leaped into the mizen rigging with the thought that he could make his attack from that point more safely and more effectually than from any other. And the end had proved the wisdom of his instinctive reasoning. He had leaped full upon the madman from a height of fifteen feet, and the concussion, as he had anticipated, had for the moment stunned and bewildered its object. He had calculated the direction of his leap to a hair—had grasped the uplifted hand that held the knife as he came down, and had overturned my assailant without materially jarring me.

I am an old man now, and retired from active business; but I have left a worthy successor upon the quarter deck, and most people think that Capt. Artie Burton is the son of my own flesh and blood. I am proud, at all events, when he calls me father; and I never meet his happy smile but I bless the hour in which I picked up my precious waif from the slum of Sea street.

AN AFFAIR OF HONOR.

I am reminded, by a recent article in the Journal, of the single combats which in former times were wont to defile the green turf of my native island; the simple ideas of "fighting" and "green" will infallibly suggest to the least logical intellect in Great Britain a compound one, representing the locality intended. But, although the progress of civilization in my country has, through many painful causes, been wofully retarded, yet there is some comfort in reflecting that the enormity of duelling may now be classed among the things that have been and are not. I will, however, for the amusement of my readers relate the history of an affair of honor which took place in a district of Munster, some sixty or seventy years ago.

Albeit a wild locality, so far as the natural features of the landscape were concerned, yet the vicinity of Barnagore, as, for the double reason of concealment and euphony, I shall call it, was a tolerably peaceable place, viewed with respect to its inhabitants. Barring the occasional beating of a tithe-proctor, or ducking of a sheriff's officer, the country for miles around the village, which gave it a name, was singularly free from agrarian outrage. The land was divided into moderately sized estates, each supporting the hospitable mansion of a country gentleman, with his good natured wife, and their handsome frolicking progeny.

During a long series of years various intermarriages had taken place between the several families, so that, at the time I write of there was scarcely an individual of note in the country who could not claim cousinship with each and every one of his neighbors. One gentleman there was, however, who was wholly unconnected with the magnates of the district. He was a Mr. Fooks, a rich old bachelor, residing in a very pretty cottage close to the boundary hedge of a large estate, which had lain for some time unoccupied. The dwelling of Mr. Fooks stood in the middle of a beautifully cultivated pleasure ground, a wilderness of sweets, where the emerald turf of the lawn was soft and rich, and smiling as though it lay in the heart of England's sunny Hampshire. A kind man was Mr. Fooks; beloved by the squires, with whom he never quarreled, when in the heat of the chase, following the hounds in full cry after reynard, they trampled his harvest fields. He was beloved by them, I say, notwithstanding his uniform desertion of the dining-room after the first magnum of claret had gone its rounds; a grievous dereliction from the rules of good-fellowship, which would not have been easily pardoned in any one else; but Mr. Fooks was a privileged man, and, as the ladies were wont to remark, "it was really a comfort to feel sure of having one gentleman steady on his legs in the drawing room, so that one might venture to give him a cup of coffee without the chance of having half of it spilled on one's best satin."

With the young people he was an especial favorite. No better partner in "Sir Roger de Coverly," or merrier opponent in the game of "Matrimony," could be found in the entire country; while his skill in making "hurleys" for the boys, and carving wooden babies for the girls, secured for him a wide-spread popularity among the rising generation. By common consent he was known in this neighborhood as "Holy Fooks," and this epithet was bestowed not in ridicule, but as a sincere acknowledgement of his singular blameless and useful life. Perhaps it was also meant to commemorate a peculiarity in his character—he was never known to fight. From the tithe-proctor, whom he hospitally entertained and regularly paid—an unprecedented line of conduct, which caused that much enduring man to exclaim, "Sure, Barnagore would be a heaven upon earth if every man in it was like Holy Fooks"—from the tithe-proctor down to the urchins, whom he often caught snaring hares or cutting sticks in his wood, he never abused or quarreled with any one. Yet Holy Fooks was no coward—that the poor widow at the mill could testify whose fair-headed boy he had saved from drowning by jumping into the mill-pond at the imminent risk of his life. And when Tom Maloney's house was burned, who but Holy Fooks could be found to tread the falling floor; and while with one hand clinging to the blackened rafters, with the other to seize in succession three children, and hand them safely to those outside? Mr. Fooks, in short, was that, I grieve to say, anomalous character in Ireland—a brave good man, who would not fight!

The estate which bounded his had lain, I have said, for some time unoccupied; but at length a tenant for it appeared in the person of a professed duellist from Tiperary, who having made even that fiery locality too hot to hold him, and possessing as much money as impudence, resolved to settle at Barnagore, and break fresh ground among its quiet inhabitants. Tom Magennis, for such was his name, had not long been settled in his new residence ere he managed to establish several "very pretty quarrels" with his neighbors. He was an unerring shot seldom failing to kill his man at any number of paces, and was as prone to take offense as the famous Fighting Fitzgerald. He challenged one young gentleman for accidentally touching him with his whip, as they were leaping together across a stream, while following the hounds. All attempts at a reconciliation were rejected by the scornful bully. They met and an hour afterwards a fine lad, the hope of his house, was carried home a lifeless corpse.

The neighboring gentlemen tried to send Magennis to "Conventry," but it would not do; he was a man of good family, and tried to maintain his position in society literally at the point of the sword. Every one wished him away, but who was to "bell the cat?"

It happened that a small field, belonging to Mr. Fooks, lay near the upper corner of Mr. Magennis' lawn, to which the latter wished to have it annexed. He accordingly wrote a letter, couched in a very high and mighty style, requiring his pacific neighbor to sell him the piece of ground in question. A polite reply in the negative was returned; and Magennis boiling with rage at having his will opposed, hastened to seek an interview with Mr. Fooks. He found that gentleman seated in his pleasant parlor, surrounded by his books and after the first salutations had passed, Magennis began abruptly.

"Mr. Fooks am I to understand from your letter that you refuse to let me have the lawn field?"

"Certainly, sir; I have no intention whatever of parting with it."

"But I tell you that I want it, and have it I will!"

"I should be sorry," said Mr. Fooks, mildly, "to disoblige a neighbor; but I am sure Mr. Magennis will see the impropriety of pressing the matter further, when I repeat that I am quite determined not to sell the field."

"You won't sell it?"

"No, sir."

"Then," said Magennis, with a fearful imprecation, "if you don't give me the field you shall give me the satisfaction; and may be I'll find your heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, easier to deal with."

A quiet smile passed over the countenance of Fooks.

"Do you mean, Mr. Magennis that you wish me to fight a duel?"

"Certainly; name your friend, and I'll send mine to meet him."

"I am not much versed in these matters," said Fooks, "but I believe, as a challenged party, I have a right to select the weapons and the place of meetings?"

"Oh, certainly; nothing can be fairer. Choose what you like, my boy; the sooner the better." And the bully rubbed his hands with delight, at the prospect of slaying another man.

"Then," said Mr. Fooks, "I wish to dispense entirely with seconds, to fight on horseback, and to arrange that each of us can come armed with whatever weapons we may choose. Let the place of meeting be the wide common between the school house and the mill; the time twelve o'clock to-morrow; and let him who is first driven off the field be declared the vanquished."

"Queer arrangements as ever I heard," said Magennis. "Why, my good fellow, don't you know that if I come armed with a long sword, and mounted on my hunter Highflyer, I'll ride you down, and split you like a lark before you can say Jack Robinson? However, that's your lookout, and not mine; so of course I agree to what you propose, and have the honor to wish you a very good morning."

He then walked away, marveling much at the coolness of his antagonist, and thinking what fun he would have on the morrow. Every one he met was told of the jest, and invited to witness the combat. Great was the consternation caused by the news throughout Barnagere.

"To think," said Mr. Penrose, one of the chief land proprietors, "that our own honest Holy Fooks, who would not willingly offend a worm, is to be slaughtered by a scoundrel; it mustn't be. I'll go to him and offer to fight him in his stead."

Accordingly he repaired to the dwelling of Mr. Fooks, and found that gentleman as tranquilly occupied with his books as when he was visited by Magennis in the morning.

"A bad business this, Fooks," said Mr. Penrose; "a very bad business. Why, man, rather than you should meet Magennis, I'll fight the rascal myself."

"Thank you, my friend," replied Mr. Fooks; "I feel most grateful for your kindness; but since Mr. Magennis has choosen to take causeless offense, I am resolved to give him the meeting he desires. Perhaps," he added smiling, "the result may be better than you expect."

"Oh, my dear Fooks," said his friend, "don't, I beseech you, build on that. The fellow is a regular assassin, and if he had his deserts would long since have gained promotion at the hangman's hands. However, there will be a score or two of your friends on the ground to see fair play, and have satisfaction from him for your death."

With this somewhat equivocal piece of consolation, and a hearty shake of the hand, Mr. Penrose took leave of his friend, who during the remainder of the day, stayed within doors, and declined seeing any visitors.

On the following morning, a large concourse of people, including, indeed, nearly every inhabitant of the parish, assembled on the common to witness the approaching combat. Long and loud were the lamentations of the poorer people, who had experienced much kindness from Mr. Fooks, at the fate which awaited him; while the deepened tones and darkened looks of the gentlemen testified their sympathy with him and their utter abhorrence of his antagonist.

Precisely at twelve o'clock the following morning, Magennis appeared on the field, mounted on a splendid blood horse; a dagger was stuck in his belt, and he brandished an enormous two-edged sword in his hand. He cast a scornful glance around, and not seeing his opponent, exclaimed, without addressing any one in particular:

"I thought the cowardly fool would be afraid to meet me; but if he sneaks away, perhaps one of his friends (with a sarcastic emphasis) will take his place."

"Here he comes himself!" cried a boy, throwing up his hat; and a general cheer announced the approach of Holy Fooks.

He advanced rapidly, mounted on a Kerry pony of so diminutive a size that its rider's feet were little raised above the ground. He was completely enveloped in an ample crimson dressing gown, which waved and flaunted in the breeze after a singular fashion. In his right hand he bore something which had the appearance of a very long lance; but which having both extremities covered by the extended folds or the dressing gown, was not as yet clearly visible. With his left hand he shook the bridle, and urged his tiny steed toward the spot where stood the astonished Magennis.

Whatever the latter gentleman may have thought of Mr. Fook's costume, his nettled horse seemed to have formed his own private opinion on the subject; for no sooner did the graudy dressing gown flaunt before his eyes than he started, shied, and began to prance in a manner which caused his rider to exclaim, with an expletive too forcible for transcription:

"What's the meaning of this buffoonery. Come and meet me like a man!"

"Always happy to oblige a friend," said Mr. Fooks, and suddenly throwing back the offensive garment, he raised his weapon, and shook it full in the face of his adversary.

It was a long, slender pole, having at one end a distended bladder filled with dried peas. A fearful thing it looked in the eyes of Highflyer; and so appalling to his ears was the rattling noise it made that despite the furious efforts of his master, he fairly bolted, turned tail, and galloped at full speed across the common. After him rode Fooks, shaking his rattle, and shouting:

"Come back Mr. Magennis! come back! 'Tis a shame for you, man, to be afraid of a dressing gown and a child's rattle!"

Faster and faster flew the affrighted horse bearing his enraged master beyond the sound of the inextinguishable laughter which hailed his defeat, and the boundless triumph of Holy Fooks.

MARRIAGEABLE AGES IN EUROPE.

Report from the English governments abroad showed the earliest age at which marriages can be legally solemnized in each of the states of the continent of Europe, have been presented to the House of Commons in pursuance of their address dated June 15, 1874. In Austria the age for discretion, both for males and females, is fourteen, and this period of life must be reached on both sides before marriage can be valid. In Hungary, however, the marriage laws are entirely ecclesiastical, and males of the Roman Catholic confession cannot contract marriage until they have completed their fourteenth year, nor females till they are twelve years of age. The orthodox Greek church follows the same rules; but Protestants consider males under the age of fifteen unable to contract valid marriages. In Cisleithania, Jews are subject to the civil law, but in Hungary there is no restriction as to the age at which they marry.

In Russia, eighteen years for males and sixteen for females are the periods of life at which marriage may be legally contracted. In Turkey there is no general law on the subject of marriageable ages. The Italian law fixes eighteen years for males and fifteen for females as the earliest time of life at which marriage may be solemnized. Prussia, by the statute of December, 1872, sanctions marriage in the case of males on the completion of their eighteenth year, and the fourteenth year in the case of females, no exception being allowed to these provisions. The law in France states the earliest age at which marriages can be contracted to be eighteen years in the case of males, and fifteen in the case of females, but powers of dispensation are reserved by the code. Under the old monarch, boys would marry at the age of fourteen and the girls at twelve, as under ancient Roman and even Athenian law. The Belgian code is the same as the French in determining the ages of eighteen and fifteen severally as those at which men and women may marry, and in leaving a right of dispensation, Bavaria has four sets of laws on that subject. Under the "Landrecht" the lawful age of males is fourteen, and for females twelve.

In the district in which the "Gemeines Recht" prevails the limits of age are the same. The more advanced ages of eighteen for males and fourteen for females are prescribed in those parts of Bavaria in which the Prussian "Landrecht" rules; and in those districts which acknowledge the French "Code Civile" the age for males is eighteen and for females fifteen, as in France and Belgium. Leaving to the minister of justice the faculty of granting a dispensation, the law in Denmark fixes the age of twenty for the men and sixteen for girls as the earliest at which persons can marry. In Greece males cannot marry before fourteen years of age, nor females before twelve; while in the Ionian Islands, sixteen and fourteen years. A bill has been, or is about to be, introduced in the Athenian chamber, appointing fifteen as the earliest age for males and twelve for females. In Hessen-Darmstadt and Baden, the standard of marriageable ages is curiously high. The consent of the parents is necessary in the case of the men until they have completed their twenty-fifth year; in that of women until they are twenty-one. In the event of parents refusing their consent, respectful summons can be made by the children, and the law requires three such summons from men who have not attained their thirtieth year, and women who are not twenty-five years of age, and two summons only after that age. The earliest age at which the law of Baden, under any conditions, allows the population to marry is eighteen years for men and fifteen for girls. The completion of eighteen years by males and sixteen by females is necessary for valid marriages in Netherlands. In Saxen-Coburg Gotha, no male is permitted to marry before he has attained his twenty-first year. Cases occur where exceptions are made, namely, when the parents of a young man are, from illness or age, no longer capable of managing a farm or other business, and it becomes necessary that a wife should assist in the household. Such exceptions however, can only be granted by the government, to whom the petitioner must apply. As regards females, all that is necessary is, that at the age of fourteen years they should be confirmed before leaving school. It seldom happens that a girl marries before her seventeenth year. By the law of June, 1870, the legal ages of marriages in Spain are fourteen for males, and twelve for females. It is the same in Portugal, with this qualification, that minors, that is, persons of either sex under twenty-one years of age, cannot contract marriage without the consent of their parents. In Wurtemburg no subject, male or female, can be legally married unless of the full age of twenty-one years, without the consent of parents, and in the case of males, a special dispensation from the administrative authorities. This dispensation is granted only under exceptional circumstances and the requirements of military service alone render it practically impossible in

most cases for any man to marry before he is of age. The marriageable age for females is fixed by Wurtemburg law at the completion of the fourteenth year, and under that age no marriage can be legally solemized. The principle which underlies the provision of the law in regard to males is that marriage is a contract which minors are legally incompetent to conclude, whereas females are supposed to acquire majority by marriage. In Saxony the legal age for the marriage of males is 18, for females 16 years. According to the amended paragraph of the new German civil marriage bill the ages would be respectively 20 and 16 years, instead of 18 and 14, as in the draft of the bill. In Romania the legal age for marriage is 18 years in the case of males and 15 in that of females. There is much variation of the marriage law in Switzerland as to the ages of contracting parties, which in some cantons is as high as 20 years for males and 17 for females, and in others as low as 14 males and 12 for females. Consent of parents is also required up to 25 in Uri, in Schaffhouse, in Appenzell, in Tessin, and in Geneva.

The Ice Gorge.

The Terrific Schuylkill Considerably a Fraud—And What Happened at an Attempt to Blow it up.

There has been during the thaw of the last two weeks considerable trouble among the mill-owners of Manayunk, the catfish-cookers of the Falls of the Schuylkill, and the catfish and coffee and champagne-consumers in high municipal authority within the bricks and mortar of Philadelphia proper, about an ice gorge in the Schuylkill, which was alleged to endanger—

First. The mills at Manayunk.

Second. The catfish and waffle retreats on the Schuylkill banks at the Falls.

Third. The gentlemen whom Philadelphia has delighted to honor who there joyfully stuff themselves.

If there has been one outrageous shame ever palmed off on the people of Philadelphia it has been the ice gorge. From Fairmount dam to Manayunk there is and has been no such thing. And only in the imagination of men who never witnessed a gorge on the swift-driving floods of the Susquehanna or the upper Delaware could the idea ever possess of a gorge in the long, still pool extending from Fairmount, a reach of four miles, to the Flat Rock dam, above Manayunk. A thorough examination of the river throughout the distance yesterday revealed these facts:

From the Fairmount dam to Rockdale a clear sheet of ice, unpacked and ungorged, of about twelve inches in thickness, with long stretches of clear running water wherever the channel assumes, at ordinary seasons, any swiftness, and the ice honeycombed with the sun's heat, and water-soaked so that, notwithstanding its thickness, it barely keeps its head above water.

From Rockdale to the Falls the river in shoal places is heavily packed with ice, but in deep water in open current—at the Falls a complete break up of whatever icejam there has been, if one there ever was—from there to the mouth of the Wissahickon comparatively smooth ice. Above this point to Manayunk heavy ice and packed, but with the river swollen with the melting of heavy snows driving through and under it as smoothly as if not a chunk of ice was in it. If a heavy rain was to happen to-morrow there would undoubtedly be a heavy freshet in the Schuylkill, but not worse than if there was not a foot of ice in the stream; for what ice is there, is as rotten as a pear, and could do no more damage, so far as creating a gorge or dam, than so much sponge.

And yet some two weeks since there was a suspicion of danger. And a gentleman deeply interest in the mill business at Manayunk, finding the basement of the mills there inundated, and greatly worried thereat, was relieved by a visit from an ex-superintendent of a navigation company, who offered relief by a blowing-up of the ice in the Schuylkill. To his Honor Mayor Stokley was the suggestion of this relief conveyed, and accordingly, on the following morning, his Honor, and Chief Engineer McFadden stationed themselves in the round-house at the end of Fairmount dam to witness the terrific destruction of the wonderful "ice-gorge." Six tomato cans filled with powder did this seductive superintendent sink into the ice, of which two only exploded, and about twenty feet of ice splashed over the dam.

"Chief Engineer," said his Honor, after returning from the wheel-house, whither he had retired during the plosion, "Chief Engineer, I have a conundrum to give you: If this unfortunate superintendent should persist in this thing how long would it take to blow up the ice clear up to Manayunk?"

The Chief Engineer cocked one eye heavenward and the other towards his Honor, and then he looked at the dam and thought of the price of paint, and then remembered that at his back was the new reservoir, and thought of troublesome conundrums proposed to him before.

"I give it up," said the Chief Engineer.

Then towards his Honor rolled a seedy chap, with a huge glass breastpin and without a collar.

"I kin blow up this ice," said he.

"You can," said his Honor, "when?"

"This afternoon," said the man with the glass breastpin. "I am from Wilmington; was blown up from infancy; have been married three times; and would have been blown to eternity but for the ballast of this glass breastpin."

"I will be here," said his Honor.

"So will I," said the Chief Engineer.

And that afternoon the Mayor and Dr. McFadden again stationed themselves in the round-house. And the man with the glass breastpin gaily skipped out on the ice, loaded with eight spruce beer bottles, filled with dualin, and to each he attached a wire, and all these wires were attached to an electrical machine, and about the time the bottles were expected to burst and the ice blown up to smash two very high municipal officers became suddenly interested in turbin wheels and visited some, and the electrical machine was sprung and the bottles exploded with a faint smoke and an inaudible pop, and no ice was lifted, and the man with the glass breastpin disappeared, and neither his Honor nor the Chief Engineer has now any distinct recollection of ever having witnessed the great blowing up of the terrific Schuylkill ice gorge.

A PRAYER FOR FAITH.

"The apostles said unto the Lord, increase our faith."

Increase our faith!
This is my spirit's inmost groan,
Thus day by day I make my moan,
Grant me this prayer, and this alone,
O, Lord, increase my faith!

Increase our faith!
Thus prayed one doubting soul of yore,
One who than life could love thee more,
Yet in thy very presence bore,
A heart of wavering faith.

Increase our faith!
My Lord, my God, whose tenderness
That loving, doubting soul shall bless,
O, look away my faithlessness,
Like his; increase my faith,

Increase our faith!
Thou knowgth, Lord, and thou alone,
The doubting souls that are thine own,
The heart of love beneath the stone
Of unbelief and death.

Increase our faith!
Ah, sinking on the bloody field,
Almost to sinful darts I yield;
Quench thou their fires with that pure shield
The diamond shield of faith.

Increase our faith!
Thou has not the wild prayer denied
Of one who fain would search thy side;
Thy precious wounds didst open wide,
So one might know but faith.

Increase our faith!
Yet let us learn that better lore,
That bids us not those wounds explore,
But unseen, love thee and adore,
And walk with thee by faith.

Medical.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?

It is a compound extracted from bark, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. it gives you good sweet sleep. It is a panacea for our aged fathers and mothers, for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep—as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

The following unsolicited testimonial from Rev. O. T. Walker, formerly pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston, and at present settled in Providence, R. I., must be deemed as reliable evidence. No one should fail to observe that this testimonial is the result of two years' experience with the use of VEGETINE in the family of Rev. Mr. Walker's family, who now pronounce it invaluable:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.
H. R STEVENS, Esq.:

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic. O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston.

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, the Pastor of the M. E. Church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by many physicians; also those suffering from the same disease as afflicted the son of E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, as there is no doubt about the curative power of VEGETINE.

NATICK, MASS., Jan. 1st, 1873.
MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We have good reason for regarding your VEGETINE a medicine of the greatest value. We feel assured that it has been the means of saving our son's life. He is now seventeen years of age; for the last two years he has suffered from necrosis of his leg, caused by scrofulous affection, and so far reduced that nearly all who saw him thought his recovery impossible. A council of able physicians could give but the slightest hope of his ever rallying; two of the number declaring that he was beyond the reach of human remedies, that even amputation could not save him, as he had not vigor enough to endure the operation. Just then we commenced giving him VEGETINE and from that time to the present he has been continuously improving. He has lately resumed studies, thrown away his crutches and cane, and walks about cheerfully and strong.

Though there is still some discharge from the opening where the limb was lanced, we have the fullest confidence that in a little time he will be perfectly cured.

He has taken about three dozen bottles of VEGETINE, but lately uses but little, as he is too well to be taking medicine.

Respectfully yours,
MRS. L. C. F. BEST.
E. S. BEST.

Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston Mass.

VEGETINE

is sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere
11-4w

THE BEST DIALOGUE BOOK. To be sent post-paid for Twenty Cents. Address Rev. W. H. KINGSBURY, Tarrytown, New York.
46-4t

For Sale at this Office.

BLANK
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
BETWEEN SCHOOL BOARD & TEACHER
constantly on hand at this office and for sale at
5 cts apiece, or 50 cts per dozen.

WE KEEP ON HAND
all kinds of
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
which we sell in any quantity desired. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.
A GOOD SECOND HAND
FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINE,
VERY CHEAP.
Enquire at this office.

COLLECTOR'S SALE
BLANKS.
75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.
Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

LOOK! LOOK!
We have a limited stock of
BILL HEADS
which we will print and sell for
$3 PER THOUSAND,
$2 PER FIVE HUNDRED.
Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.
REPUBLICAN OFFICE

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.
Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.,
James C. Williams,
(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)
DEALERS IN
PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.
PURE WINE AND LIQUORS
for medicinal purposes
SHOULDER BRACES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.
Also, Choice
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
JAMES C. WILLIAMS.

TEAS! TEAS!
ESTABLISHED 1840.
The old established and responsible house of the undersigned, offer in opposition to the humbug of "Tea Companies" and distributors of "chromos," a large and attractive assortment of Choice Teas, at a small advance above cost of importation, warranting their goods to give satisfaction.
PRICE LIST.
Oolong, Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents - per pound.
Mixed, Green & Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents per pound.
Japan, Uncolored—60, 70, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
Imperial, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, $1.00, best $1.10 per pound.
Young Hyson, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, 90, $1.00, best $1.05 per pound.
Gunpowder, Green—70, 80, 90 $1.00,, $1.10, choicest $1.15 per pound.
English Breakfast, Black—40, 50, 60, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
N. B.—We have the celebrated "King Chop," Young Hyson and Imperial Green at $1.20 per pound. Also the "Tong-Lee" Chop, the choicest Oolong Tea imported, at $1.00 per pound.
If one of our Agents should not call upon you, send for a pound sample of any kind you require. Enclose the money, and we will forward it to you, per return mail, without any extra charge.
JOSEPH STINER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN TEAS,
178 & 180 Chambers Street, and 285 Washington Street. P. O. Box 4237. NEW YORK.
v7n1-4m.

Medical.

CALDWELL'S
WINE AND IRON BITTERS
These celebrated Bitters are pure, safe and reliable; composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs with Citrate of Iron and pure native wine, made from the native grapes of California, the ingredients are choice, strengthening, purifying and life-giving medicinal agents, forming the most pleasant and healthy stimulating tonic and strengthening Bitters for improving the appetite giving tone and vital energy to the blood and system. For medicinal purposes, for family use, travelers, voyagers, etc., they cannot be surpassed.
These bitters are in an eminent degree strengthening, purifying, diuretic stimulating and nourishing to the whole system, giving new life and activity to every organ and part alike, without that ever recurring reaction that follows the use of most all other tonics and stimulants in the market. For
DYSPEPSIA,
AND ALL FORMS OF
INDICESTION,
Sour Stomach,
RHEUMATISM,
SCROFULA,
AND ALL
Impurities of the Blood,
DROPSY,
NERVOUS AFFECTIONS,
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
GENERAL PROSTRATION,
AND NERVOUS HEADACHE
THEY HAVE NO RIVAL
AS A MORNING APPETIZER
No other Bitters in the universe can equal them. I lack space for detailing the availability of these Bitters, but will briefly state its general effects upon the human system, as follows:
It absolutely Purifies the Blood. It speedily corrects all morbid changes in the Blood. It equalizes the circulation of the Blood. It regulates the supply and quality of the blood. It prepares the Blood to furnish a proper support to all the vital properties. It enriches the constituents of the Blood upon which the vital energy of the system is dependent. It infuses the proper degree of animal heat in the system. It purges from the system the morbid humors which retard its natural functions. It imparts vitality and elasticity to every organ of the body. It corrects all derangements, however trivial, which are the first origin of Disease. It promotes the operation of the digestive organs. It improves the appetite and removes all disagreeable feeling after eating. It perfects digestion, rendering it natural and easy. It acts as a mild and efficacious stomachic. It elevates the standard of all the vital forces. It strengthens the nervous fibres and diffuses a calm throughout the nervous system. It destroys all morbid conditions of the mind. It disperses dullness and languor. It banishes those clogs upon pleasure which produce gloom. It drives away those distressing symptoms which rob us of happiness. It revives the physical energies by infusing new life and power into the system. It fortifies the system against the dangers of malaria, fluctuations of the temperature changes in the climate, &c. In short, it prepares the system for the radical change to be wrought in its condition, and restores it to perfect health and natural vigor.

Caldwell's Cough Cure
FOR THE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS,
CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH,
CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS,
DIPTHERIA, ASTHMA, and
THROAT & LUNG DISEASES GENERALLY
If you purchase a bottle of your druggist use it all, and if you make up your mind that you have not received a benefit corresponding with the price paid, return the empty bottle and he will pay you back your money and charge it to me on his books. Thus neither he or yourself will lose in the operation, and I assure you that it contains nothing that can be injurious in any case.
You are not purchasing it of me, a stranger, but of your druggist—a gentleman whom you know and can trust. He will furnish you the medicine on the terms I have mentioned; an absolute guarantee—not that I will cure in every case, but that you will be satisfied in the use of the remedy.

CALDWELL'S
MAGNETIC CHLOROLOID
FOR
MAN AND BEAST.
For Internal and External use, the Magnetic Chloroloid is the most wonderful medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of
HEADACHE,
Rheumatism, Colic, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Cramps, Griping, Sprains, Bruises, Scalds, Sores, Concussion, Burns
Cholera Morbus,
Asiatic Cholera, Diarrhœa, Frosted Limbs, Dysentery, Eipthecia, Sore Throat,
SUNSTROKE,
CHILBLAINS, CORNS,
And Pains of all Kinds!

CALDWELL'S
LILY BALM
FOR BEAUTIFYING THE
COMPLEXION,
REMOVING
Freckles! Eruptions!
SUNBURN,
ROUGHNESS AND TAN!
If the face is disfigured with
Blotches, Pustules, Freckles,
TAN, SUNBURN, &c.
The Lily Balm will speedily remove the blemish and impart softness, transparancy, a roseate tinge and a pearl-like lustre to the complexion. It is utterly impossible to detect in the beauty it confers, the result of an artificial agent; the fresh and health-like tinge which it develops on the face, neck, hands and arms is unsurpassed by no other toilet article ever offered to the public.
FULL DIRECTIONS ON THE LABEL OF EACH BOTTLE.
W. C. CALDWELL,
Proprietor and Manufacturer,
6-80. MEDINA, N. Y.

Dauchy & Co.,

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

CLOTHING & DRY GOODS.

Mammoth Clothing Store!
CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING
ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,
Having in addition to his extensive Dry Goods Store, taken the room formerly occupied by Abram Sussman, fitted it up and filled it completely with THE LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING ever opened in Bellefonte, is now prepared to accommodate everybody, and to
Guarantee Bargains,
in the line of clothing — such as have never been offered in this section of the State. He has now in his store,

MEN'S SUITS—varying in price from	$6 to $40 00
BOY'S SUITS " " "	$4 to $18 00
OVER COATS—every grade	At cost
DRESS COATS—varying in price from	$6 to $15 00
PANTS " " "	$1 50 to $8 00
VESTS " " "	50 cts to $6 00

and every description of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
TWO ROOMS FULL OF GOODS.
Connected with his clothing store in the adjoining room he will continue the
Dress Goods Department,
in which every conceivable description of Dress and Dry Goods, from the
FINEST SILKS TO THE CHEAPEST CALICOS,
as well as
NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.
together with a
FULL LINE OF CARPETS
of any grade, will be kept constantly on hand. His prices will be made to suit
THE TIMES
and he will guarantee the fullest satisfaction to every customer.
Polite and accommodating clerks will take pleasure in showing you the goods.
vol7no7-1y Nos. 1 & 2, BUSH'S ARCADE

S. A. BREW & SON, GROCERIES, &c.

S. A. BREW & SON,
SUCCESSOR TO FRYBERGER & MORAN,
GROCERS
Next Door to the Post Office,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.
WE will take all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE in exchange for goods in our line.
WE have a nice lot of ELEGANT LAKE HERRING,—will sell them at cost to close out.
WE are making a specialty of the following goods from now, Sept. 1st, to Dec. 1st, 1874.
Breakfast Bacon,
Ham Meats,
Sugar Cured Shoulders,
Sugar Cured Ham,
Salt in Sacks and Barrels,
Floor Oil Cloth,
And Crockery Ware.
COME AND SEE OUR STORE.
4-tf S. A. BREW & SON.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

at the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, nless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
1 Inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor. Bellefonte, Pa

READ! READ!! READ!!!

We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
MONTHLY.		
Harper's Magazine,	$4.00	$5.25
Scribner's Monthly,	4.00	5.25
St. Nicholas,	3.00	4.50
Peter's Musical Monthly,	3.00	4.00
La Creme de la Creme,	4.00	5.00
Locke's National Monthly	1.00	2.80
American Farm Journal	1.00	2.60
Peterson's Journal	3.00	4.50
The Republic	2.00	3.60
Penn Monthly	3.00	3.75
Woods' Household Magazine	1.00	2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly,	4.00	5.25
Harper's Bazar,	4.00	5.25
Forney's Press,	2.00	3.60
Toledo Weekly Blade,	2.00	3.50
Scientific American	3.20	4.75
American Agriculturist	1.60	3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times	2.00	3.65.

☞ We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

MEXICAN BANDITTI OUTRAGES.

Additional Details of the Latest Raid into Texas—American Citizens Captured and others Murdered—Outraged along the Frontier.

GALVESTON, Texas, March 27.—A News special from Corpus Christi, Texas, dated to-day, says the band of Mexicans came within seven miles of the town, robbed several stores and houses, and took a large number of Americans prisoners, among them Judge Gillpin, formerly a member of the Legislature, and two women. They compelled the captives to walk in front of them til they were exhausted, then mounted them on bareback horses and carried them off. They robbed and burned the post office at Nueces, and robbed and took prisoner one mail-rider. Texans have gone in pursuit, and a fight is reported near Banquette, in which one Mexican and two Americans were killed. All except four of the prisoners escaped, but nothing has yet been heard from them. Business is mostly suspended, and the citizens are under arms, guarding the town.

Information received from Los Pinos Nueces county, says throughout the entire region between here and the Rio Grande lawless bands from Mexico are continually raiding through the country, robbing, murdering, and driving stock across the river. They have become so daring of late that nearly all travel on the highways has ceased. Even stock men are deterred from hunting their cattle and horses through fear of falling into the hands of these ruffians. At present there seems to be a concerted movement on the part of these villains to clean out the "white men" within striking distance of the Rio Grande—fifty to seventy miles and even further—where ingress and egress can be safely effected. To this end they have been crossing the river in small detachments for the past week. It is estimated that there are now on Texas soil at least three hundred armed bandits, and rumor has it that several Americans near the river have been murdered by them. Rumors come in that the Mexicans have cleaned out a company or two of negro soldiers at San Luis, on the Rio Grande, about forty miles below Rio Grand City, and that a number of armed men were seen hovering near this place. A number of Mexicans reside here, but they cannot be depended upon for assistance in a contest in which their countrymen are engaged. Nearly the entire Rio Grande frontier of Texas, embracing a belt of from fifty to one hundred miles in width, is inhabited mostly by Mexicans, many of whom, though taking no active part in the forays of the thieves, yet sympathize with and give them secret aid and comfort.

Immediate Action of our Government—A General Border War not Improbable.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—It will be recollected that within the last two years the commissioners appointed to examine and report upon the subject of outrages on the Texas border made several reports, in which they stated the immense loss of property and the occasional murder of Texans whose premises were invaded by Mexicans, who made systematic raids on their stock. Our Government preferred a formal complaint to the Mexican government, which was inefficient to prevent such depredations, but appointed a commission to ascertain the extent of the alleged grievances. More than a year has since elapsed and nothing has been done by that government to prevent the incursions. It seems that the Mexicans on the border of the Rio Grande act independently of and pay little or no attention to the home government, which is not strong to restrain its border citizens. On the representation of the United States commissioners forces of cavalry were stationed at points on the Rio Grande to be used in cases of emergency for the protection of American citizens, but owing to the long distances to be covered, and the cautious movements of the raiders, the military have been unable to exercise the desired restraining power, and therefore the incursions have continued to the present time. The reports of the commissioners were communicated to Congress by the President, with a special message, recommending that action be taken, but Congress did nothing in the way of relief, leaving the Government to its own action. Instructions will immediately be issued through the War Department to the general commanding to take such measures as may be possible to strike the raiders heavy blows. Those best conversant with affairs apprehend that a general border war will ensue, in which event the invasion of Mexico by our armed citizens in pursuit of the robbers is not among the improbabilities.

LAWLESSNESS IN MISSOURI.

A Battle With a Sheriff's Posse—Arrest of Murderers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 27.—Advices from Galena, Stone county, say one night last week the court house at that place was entered and criminal indictments against several persons were abstracted therefrom. The sheriff, in attempting to arrest the parties supposed to have been connected with the organized force, and after several shots had been fired and one man killed, he was compelled to retreat. At last accounts the sheriff had a force of thirty-five men on one side of the James river, while his opponents were on the other bank, and a collision was expected at any moment. On last Tuesday it was discovered that the house of an old man named Evans, who lived by himself five miles from Danton, Mo., had been burned. On searching the ruins the charred remains of the old man were found. A man named Sayres was arrested, and confessed that he, with two others, named Cromwell and Philips, on Monday night beat the old man with a club, plundered the house and fired it. All of them have been arrested and lodged in jail.

[Communicated]

STATE SENATE.

Thank you for publishing the voice of the "true" Democrats on our side of the mountain; and through your paper allow us to thank the "true" Democrats on your side for the prompt and hearty manner in which they are adopting our views on the question of who shall be our next State Senator.

Allow us also through your paper to thank P. G. Meek for the prompt and explicit proof that he has furnished in his own paper (of March 26th), of the exact truth of our former communication. "Trick to stir up strife!" the old Meek cry whenever the Democracy of Centre County presume to have or express a choice of their own, if that choice does not fall on P. G. Meek or one of his "peculiar" friends, is just what we alleged he had always done and what we say now he always will do.

J. P. Gephart has always been a true and consistant Democrat, a just and honorable man, an intelligent and good citizen, and though he has never said, or threatened, that "he would defeat the Democratic party next fall if (P. G. Meek's friend) Alexander was not elected," yet, we have full confidence in him as a "true Democrat," and in that confidence we are determined to support him, yea, and elect him too. True he cannot boast of his strong affiliation with the Republican party, as Meek can, but in this he shows his honesty, and we admire and respect him all the more that he is a "Democrat clean through." MORE ANON.

Millheim, March 30, 1875.

——Mr. Christian Frederick Kuapp, who is well known in Masonic circles, is visiting in Penns Valley at the present time, on business connected with the order.

GOVERNOR HARTRANFT has been confined to his house, since the adjournment of the Legislature, by a bilious attack, which, though serious, is not considered as dangerous. The winter, at Harrisburg, has been more severe than at almost any other place in the State. It snowed there when it rained in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and the total snow-fall of the season was nearly eight feet. From Christmas until the middle of March the ground was not bare, and the winter was consequently an unpleasant one, both over head and under foot. The Governor was constant in his attendance at the Executive chamber, no matter what exposure to bad weather it involved, and kept himself constantly at work. Formerly he had but one hundred and thirty-three men to see upon legislative and Executive business, while now he who is familiar with the details of Executive business will easily comprehend how the increase of the number of members has naturally increased the labors of the Governor. The result is physical prostration, aided, doubtless, by the trying winter weather. We are glad to learn, however, that he is growing better, and that no fears need be entertained of his recovery.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7, 1875.

GOVERNOR JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

An entertainment in honor of Gov. Hartranft was given during the week, by Peter A. B. Widener, Esq., Treasurer of this city. The dinner—if sitting down to the table at 9 o'clock at night, and getting up from it at 1 o'clock, (midnight) can properly be called such—was all that Epicurian philosopher, Sam. Ward, could desire. Unlike the Bingham-Blaine set-out it had no political significance, and was not intended that it should have. A number of the most prominent and influential politians of the State were presen', and this much I may say, that all present concurred in the opinion that the Governor would be nominated by an unanimous vote of the Convention in May next.

Ex-Governor Curtin and Col. McClure are widely at variance regarding the strength of Gov. Hartranft. Curtin says he will be very much stronger than he was three years ago; that the serious charges laid against him then cannot now be made; that his record as Executive of the State is without blemish, and cannot be assailed in any particular, and, remarked Gov. Curtin, with a sly look at Aleck, "it is upon his record that a man must stand or fall, and Hartranft will win, upon the record he has made for himself, without even a struggle."

Ever since McClure went Buckaleweing, he appears to have lost all the political sagacity for which he was once famous, and it is his opinion—which is not worth much—that before the November election all that was charged against Gov. Hartranft in 1872, will be established as facts, matters of record, by the Courts.

Gov. Curtin cannot be made to think so, and points to the exhaustive trial of Geo. O. Evans, before Judge Pearson, as failing in any way whatever to cast a shadow over Gen. Hartranft.

I am satisfied, that at heart, McClure thinks as Curtin does, else why did he not, while a Reform Senator for three years, by an investigation, succeed in connecting Gov. Hartranft with the Evans fraud? His failure to establish, as a Senator, what he charged upon the stump, in 1872, as a speaker, is conclusive evidence, to my mind, that McClure had no case, and that to make the contest this fall against Gen. Hartranft upon the issue of three years ago, will scarcely elect his (McClure's) protege, Senator A. H. Dill.

THE CENTENNIAL.

About twenty-two nations of the earth have sent to the Centennial Commission the official lists of the Commissioners appointed by those foreign governments, to see that their industries are properly represented at the Exhibition of 1876.

These commissioners have all been selected by their respective governments because of their eminent fitness, and as illustrative of the character of the commissioners from abroad, I present the names and official standing of a few of the commissioners appointed by the Netherlands.

Dr. E. H. von Baumhauer, Honorary Professor, at Harlem, President.

Mr. A. H. Eigeman, President of the society of Dutch industrials at Leiden.

Mr. P. Hartsen, President of the Board of Commerce and Manufactures of Amsterdam.

Mr. J. E. Van Heemskerk Van Beest, Artist at the Hague.

Mr. H. C. Van der Houven Van Oordt, Secretary of the Section Overveure of the Society of Agriculture of Gelderland.

Mr. M. M. de Monchy, President of the Board of Commerce and Manufactures at Rotterdam.

Dr. J. Th. Mouton, Under President of the Society to further Manufactures and Trade Industry in the Netherlands.

Those from the remaining twenty one nations are equally distinguished and as each of our own State Governments are about selecting Commissioners to look after the interest of the different States, it occurred to me that it might be of public benefit to show with what wisdom these things are done in Europe.

MILK.

The milk bill of our city alms-house amounts to over $10,000 per annum. In 1873 the medical prescriptions for the poor of that institution amounted to more than one hundred thousand; in 1874 they were decreased to $90,000, on the principle that it was cheaper to buy milk than physic. A year's experience has proved how much more efficacious milk is than medicine in such an institution.

A DREADFUL IMPRECATION.

The Milwaukee "Sentinal" says, "The editor of the "Courier-Journal" assumes ignorance of draw-poker, on the ground that he is a Sundayschool Superintendent."

To this the impeached editor responds that he assumes ignorance of draw-poker on nothing of the sort. He loves the Sunday school and every body connected therewith; and when he crawls into the regimentals of a Sunday school Superintendent merely to conceal a fondness for draw-poker he hopes the lightning may strike the mother-in-law of his adopted uncle's grand-father, and scare her within an inch of her life.

Here, as in Louisville, we have distinguished editors whose love of the Sunday school is quite as ardent as this "Courier-Journal" editor's and whose knowledge of draw-poker is the theme of tireless praise from those whose education is less favored. These gentlemen sometimes seek a transfer from the cares of editorial life to the ease and emolument of public station. On such occasions they would be only too happy to conceal their affection for draw-poker by crawling into the regimentals of a Sunday school worker, and would probably attempt to do so were it not they fear the lightning might strike *them.*

We had such an editor to run for public office, not long since, but unfortunately there were no regimentals of a Christian soldier big enough to cover his fondness for poker. He didn't implore the lightning to strike anybody's mother-in-law—not even his own—but he went straight to his pastor—with whom he doubtless never played poker—and obtained a certificate of good character, went before the people on that, and was struck so badly by lightning or by the people, that alas, I fear it has permanently unsettled his judgment.

FATHER GERDEMAN.

That high old priest, Father Gerdeman, who violated his vows of celibacy by marrying the organist of his church, and who attempted to reach Germany, by the round about way of going from Philadelphia to Jersey City, thence to Cincinnati, thence to Baltimore, thence to Germany—if it had not been for the Baltimore detectives—is to have his trial in the Criminal Court. He is charged with stealing about $100,000 of his parishioners' cash, which in their eyes is a slight offense, compared with his taking to himself a wife. The case against Gerdeman looks bad and yet I shall be greatly mistaken if he is convicted. The ex-priest is a German, and the Germans are more than anxious for his acquittal, while the Irish are determined to convict him. One thing is certain, "No Irish or Dutch need apply" for situation on that jury. J. W. F.

—A man passed down by the office the other day, wearing a pair of white linen trousers. He was gone about fifteen minutes and then came back; but, my! what a change had been wrought in those trousers! They had turned from white to a dirty black color, and his face was covered with gravel. The mystery was soon explained, however. He had had kind of a sudden attack of the mud puddle.

—The handsome manager of the London Globe Theatre is playing at Wallack's in New York, and half the girls of that city are going crazy over him.

—The New York "Tribune" is a Republican Journal in the same sense in which Satan may be said to be an angel. It was one, once.

—Democratic Government has given St. Louis a debt of $14,504,000, while the assessed value of property is only $172,000,000.

—Johnstown has a *scan. mag.* case in which sixty-three witnesses have been summoned.

—Emanuel Westhaeffer, of Strinestown, York county, is in jail for trying to murder his wife.

THE public debts statement for March, shows a decrease in the public debt for the month of $3,681, 210 63.

—The Easton *Free Press*, has put on a stylish and handsome new dress.

MILLSBURG, April 3, 1875.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Although the present stringent license law may deter many persons from engaging in the sale of alcoholic drinks, yet there will be quite enough places where the liquid damnation can be had. The present law may in a measure keep the sale of the villianous stuff out of the hands of unprincipled scoundrels, and decent men who have some regard for themselves and their neighbors will, we have no doubt, conduct the business in a more respectable manner, that is if there is any such thing as respectibility attaching itself in any way whatever to the sale of whiskey, which we very much doubt, it will not lessen the drinking in the least. There will be fewer places where it can be had, consequently those who do sell will realize more money from this source than has been the case heretofore. We don't know but it would be just as well to grant license to all who might apply, holding each one to a strict account for the least violation of the law. By doing this, so many scalawags would engage in the business that decent men would become ashamed and quit, and those same scalawags, in their greed for making money, would very soon violate the law and deprive themselves of their license, and, the result would be, that, in a short time, there would be no place in any town where intoxicating liquor could be had. But if our Representatives at Harrisburg last winter had passed a general license law, granting license to every wretch to sell whiskey who might wish to do so, without any restrictions whatever, and then amended the same by placing it, in point of respectability upon a par with banking, merchandise, religious newspaper publishing and the like, they would no doubt have received the lasting thanks of all high-toned individuals who are too cowardly to steal and too lazy to earn an honest livelihood in a more decent and honorable manner. VICTOR.

A $4.00 Book for $1.50.

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in plain English, or medicine Simplified: By R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Counselor-in-Chief of the Board of Physicians and Surgeons, at the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y. The above Work—a book of about nine hundred large pages, profusely illustrated with Wood Engravings and Colored plates, and well and strongly bound—will be sent, post paid, to any address, for One Dollar and Fifty Cents—making it the cheapest book ever offered to the American People. Other books treating of domestic medicine, of like size and style of binding, and not nearly as well illustrated, with no colored plates, and some of them containing no prescriptions and making known no means of self-cure for the diseases which they discuss, sell for from three dollars and a half to five dollars. Were Dr. Pierce's Work not published by the author, printed and bound with his own machinery, and were it sold through agents, as other like works are, the price of it would have to be not less than four dollars. For when the publisher pays the author a fair price for his production, then adds a profit to his investment large enough to satisfy himself and compensate him, not only for his labor, but also for the risk of pecuniary loss which he assumes in taking the chances of the enterprise proving a success, and when the State, County and canvassing agent has each received his profit, they have added to the expense of a book, that originally cost about $1.25, so much that the people have to pay not less than $4.00 for it. The People's Medical Adviser, on the contrary, is placed within the pecuniary reach of all classes by the author, who adopts the plan of the Grangers, dispensing with middle men and giving the benefit of their profits to the people, offering his book at a price little above actual cost of publication. That those desiring the book may run no risk of losing their money in sending it through the mails, the author advertises that money addressed to him at Buffalo, N. Y., and inclosed in registered letters may be at his risk of loss. The author's large correspondence with the people upon medical matters, which we are credibly informed, frequently exceeds three hundred letters a day, and requires several trained and skilful medical assistants and short-hand reporters to enable him to entertain and answer them, as well as his large daily dealings with disease at the World's Dispensary, appear to have peculiarly fitted him for writing the Work, by rendering him very familiar with the every day medical needs of the people. He endeavors in this Work to answer all the numerous questions relating to health and disease that have been addressed to him by the people from all parts of the land, and hence it contains important information for the young and old, male and female, single and married, nowhere else to be found. All the most prevalent diseases of both sexes are also plainly and fully considered and means of self-cure made known. Unlike other works on Domestic Medicine, it includes the subjects of Biology, Cerebral, Physiology, Hygiene, Temperaments, Marriage, Reproduction, etc., all of which are treated in an original and interesting manner. It is a compendium of Anatomical, Physiological and Medical Science, and embodies the latest discoveries in each department.

A PREPARATION so widely and favorably known as Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer, needs few words of praise from us. This compound has won its way to the highest favor in the public mind; and multitudes, who have vainly used other remedies for the restoration of their hair, have, on trying the Sicilian Renewer, been made glad by the speedy restoration of their gray hair to its natural color, and the thin locks thickened up, as in the days of early youth. It also prevents the hair falling out, makes it soft and glossy, and is altogether the best preparation for its intended purposes before the public.—*Pittsburg Chronicle.*

EDITOR'S TABLE.

LADIES, ATTENTION!—Fashions in the very latest Paris, Berlin, and Vienna styles, adapted to the requirements of the most fastidious, are now placed within the reach of all through the medium of "Smith's Illustrated Pattern Bazaar," which is constantly importing foreign designs, and supplying them; each with a neatly made cloth model, showing how the garments are made, and enabling any lady to complete her wardrobe without other aid. The "Bazaar" is published in elegant form, every form containing numerous well gotten-up fashion illustrations. Subscription price $1.10 a year, and no postage to pay. For premium, every subscriber receives, free, at their option, $1.60 worth of patterns or the choice of one from among a number of good chromos.

We have during the past two years been recommending to the attention of our readers, Demorest's Fashion Magazine. As good as Demorest's is, Smith's is better, giving more illustrations and better styles. We do not say this altogether on our own authority, but upon the authority of many of our lady friends who have seen and examined both works and have declared in favor of "Smith's."

Secure the golden chance to save dressmakers, bills by sending your yearly subscription for this work to A. BURDETTE SMITH. P. O. Box 50 55, 914 Broadway, N. Y.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

We understand that the whooping-cough is quite prevalent in the towns around us; but that no cases have proved fatal. Some families use nothing but Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. Our Doctor, however, says a little ipicac to produce vomiting, would be an advantage.

There are more than one thousand different kinds of pills in the United States. Some of them are worthless and injurious, others are good and beneficial. Old Dr. Parsons invented the best anti-bilious pill we ever saw or heard of. They are now sold under the name of Parsons' Purgative Pills.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenaial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employedin the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handeomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annm will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer.
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 59 6m 42 Cedar St., New York.

DR. SCHENCK'S STANDARD REMEDIES.

The standard remedies for all disease of the lungs are SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, and SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, and, if taken before the lungs are destroyed, a speedy cure is effected.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philapelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary diseases.

The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs; nature throws it off by an easy expectoration; for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cold will throw it off, the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To enable the Pulmonic Syrup to do this, Schenck's Mandrake Pills and Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver. Schenck's Mandrake Pills act on the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is a gentle stimulent and alterative; the alkali of which it is composed, mixes with the food and prevents souring. It assists the digestion by toning up the stomach to a healthy condition, so that the food and the Pulmonic Syrup will make good blood; then the lungs heal, and the patient will surely get well if care is taken to prevent fresh cold.

All who wish to consult Dr. Schenck, either personally or by letter, can do so at his principal office, corner of SIXTH and ARCH STS., Philadelphia, every Monday.

Schenck's medicines are sold by all druggests throughout the country. 19-6t

FINANCE AND TRADE.

GOLD 1.16

The Pittsburg *Commercial* says: The favorable weather of the last few days has had an enlivening effect upon trade, and the Liberty and Wood street dealers report a better business than at any time this season. There is therefore good reason for believing that when the weather becomes more settled trade will be much better than it was a year ago.

The farming community are in better condition to make liberal purchases than they have been for some time past, as crops have been abundant and prices good.

In manufacturing districts, things do not look as bright, for mechanical classes have not, as a rule, been fully employed during the past year. In our immediate neighborhood we must be content to see trade restricted to the bare necessities as long as the stoppage in the iron trade continues.

From the West the reports are encouraging for an active spring trade. In their annual circular Messrs. Young & Co., of Chicago, state that an unusual proportion of the crop is in the hands of the farmers. Figures are given to show that nearly fifty-two million bushels spring wheat remain yet to be marketed. Nearly forty-six million bushels of this are in that section of the country embraced by Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota and Nebraska. Today the market made a rapid advance, and should the price continue to advance this immense accumulation of grain will soon find its way to market and must have an inspiring effect upon trade.

The *Bulletin* has the following remarks on the progress of the Spring trade:

"The fair days of the past week have had a very beneficial effect upon trade in general, as they have given promise that the long winter has at last broken up, and that the warm weather will soon be here. The effect is to stimulate the movement of freight all over the country, and the forwarders predict a very healthy trade as soon as the season is fairly open. Most of the Eastern States are now sending large quantities of manufactured goods to this market, which furnish westward bound freights for all the trunk railroads. The movement has shown a very perceptible increase during the past two weeks, and is already nearly double what it was last fall. In return, the railroads and steamboats have good cargoes to the Eastern States, which are composed mostly of foreign goods and whisky. From this city to the West the movement is very active, and it said that many buyers are now in the city making purchases, and that the quantity of freight going forward will shortly increase. The Southern market has not as yet felt the effect of the revival in business, probably owing to political troubles, but few goods are, therefore, going South: but large quantities of cotton are coming North, and this furnishes most of the steamships with cargoes. Some small lots of vegetables have been sent forward but the season is yet too early for this trade. The general indications are that trade is reviving, and its volume is expected to increase rapidly as soon as the weather becomes settled. The navigation of the sound is now practically unobstructed, and a few more mild days will open the Hudson river its full length. Then it is thought business will become really active. The navigation companies both upon the Hudson river and Long Island sound are preparing for active work. Their vessels are being overhauled and put in first-class condition, so that when the demand comes they will be prepared to meet it.

The grain trade of the West is looking up.

CLEVELAND.—Wheat 1.13@1.15.

CINCINNATI.—Wheat is steady, Red 1.10a1.15. Corn 68a70. Oats 69a70.

CHICAGO.—Wheat, No. 2 Spring 94, and in demand. Corn 67 cents.

WHEAT—Is in fair demand and strong, with light offering. Red $1.23a1.26; Amber $1.26a 1.28; White $1.30a1.37.

CORN—In active request, and strong. Yellow 83a84 cents, chiefly former; Mixed 80c.

OATS—Steady. White 68a71 cents; Mixed 65 a67 cents.

RYE $1.09

CLOVERSEED—Firm. Western 11a11¼ cents; Penna. 10¾a11 cents.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, April 7, 1875.

The trade of our town has been very quiet and inactive, during the past fortnight. This however is not unusual at this season of the year. The first of April being a general "settling up" and pay-day,—the debtor class generally commence several days previous, which more or less interferes with ordinary business. It is to be hoped, that after the crisis shall have passed, that everybody will feel benefitted to an extent, that will enable them to drop the "hard times" proverb and go to work with full confidence that the world still moves.

The flour trade has improved within the last week, but sales are confined to a very limited territory.

There has been but a small amount of wheat offered since our last report, owning to the roads breaking up and the low price offered.

It will be seen, by reference to our foreign reports, that wheat commands a better price in many Western cities than it does here. This is owing to the low rates of freight at which the Trunk lines of railroad are carrying grain to the seaboard cities, as compared with the rates from Bellefonte. Unjust discrimination, on the part of the Railroad Companies, seems to be the order of the day. For example, bar iron and glass being carried from Bellefonte to Philadelphia at the rate of *four* dollars per ton of 2000 pounds and on wheat the freight is *six* dollars per ton of 2000 pounds. Why this unjust discrimination should exist, is a mystery, for a ton of iron or a ton of glass is worth from three to four times as much as a ton of wheat, which goes very far to prove that the organization of the Grangers was a necessity, to enable farmers to protect their own interests. The farmers are in the majority, and thorough organization and harmonious action will enable them to compel the railroads of our state to yield and adopt just rates of freight. It is only a question of time.

There is some demand for potatoes, but very few are being offered for sale at present.

There is a wide difference as to the commercial value, between seller and buyer. It is our opinion, that last year's prices cannot be maintained. There was a tremendous crop in the State of New York last year, which is being imported into our state on "through rates of frieght," which will soon stock our local markets at all events this importation will have a tendency to keep down the price.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, ears	60
Corn, shelled	65
Oats	55
Clover seed, choice	5.75
Flour, retail per barrel	6.00
Flour, wholesale	5.50
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$20 00
Hay Mixed per ton	20 00
STRAW FOR GLASS WORKS.	
Oat straw for packing per ton	10 00
Wheat straw, short per ton	8 00
STRAW AT PAPER MILL.	
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	11 00
Short straw per ton	8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per lb	10
Apples per bus	75
Peaches, dried, per lb	15
Cherries, dried, per lb	8
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	30
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	22
Hams per lb	18
Bacon	13 & 14
Sides	—
Lard per lb	15
Eggs per doz	25
Tallow, per pound	7
Rags	—
Potatoes per bushel	75
Dried Beef	25
Beef by the side	6c
Pork by the hog	8c
Cod Fish per lb., Boneless	12½c
Cod Fish, whole	8c
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20c
Oranges per doz	35c
Grapes, per lb	40c

Philadelphia Market Report.

Monday, April 5th, 1875.

REMARKS—The clear weather which has prevailed since our last notice has imparted some little impetus to business, and trade, particularly among the Dry Goods houses, has improved. Money continues abundant and cheap, and as there are no discordant elements in the political world, prudent and legitimate business enterprise will now have an opportunity to expand. The consumption of goods throughout the interior has been greatly reduced by the recent strikes, particularly in the coal regions; and the stocks throughout the country have been reduced to a minimum amount. There are unmistakable indications that the depression from the panic is passing away, and the dawn of a season of prosperity is near at hand.

WHEAT—There has been a steady demand for Wheat, both for local consumption and export and the late advance is well maintained. The spring continues singularly backward, and thoughout the west the apprehension that the farmers will not fully accomplish their seeding purposes, is not without its effect upon prices. The principal inquiry has been from the local millers. Sales of 27,000 bus Penna. and Western Red at $1.26@1.28; 5,000 do do on secret terms; 10,600 bus Penna. and Western Amber at $1.28@1.30; 6,000 bus Western White at $1.35@1.38 for good and choice; 22,500 bus No. 2 Spring on secret terms. Prices of Spring continue entirely nominal. To-day the market closed dull, and prices were 2c lower than early in the week, with sale of 3,200 bus Red, at $1,25 @1,26; and 400 bus Indiana Amber, Choice, at $1.27.

RYE—The market is bare of the article and is wanted. Sales of 2,500 bus Penna. at $1,05, in advance.

OATS—There has been a fair demand and prices have ruled firm. Sales of 30,000 bushels Western White at 68@69½ cents; 14,000 do do choice, at 70@71 cents, and 3,700 mixed at 67c. To-day 4,000 bus White sold at 69@70 cents, 1,400 bus light mixed at 68c.

CORN—The activity noted at the close of last week has somewhat subsided, but with light receipts and stockholders succeeded early in the week in realizing an advance of 1c. but this has since been lost. Sales of 26,000 bus Western and Penna. Yellow, at 83½@85c—chiefly at 84@84½ cents; 800 bus pale do at 82½c; 800 bus Southern do afloat, at 85c; 16,000 bushels Western high at 84c f. o. b., and 8,000 bus do on secret terms. To-day the demand was lively, under favorable cable advices, with sales of 10,000 bus Yellow, in cars and in depot, at 84c; and 2,000 bus Western mixed in Elevator, at 84c.

——Quotations of WHITE, POWELL & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA, April 5, 1875

	BID.	ASKED
U. S. 1881, c	21½	21¾
" 5-20, c. '62, M. and N	17½	17⅝
" " " '64, " "	18½	18⅝
" " " '65, " "	20⅜	21
" " " '65, J. and J	20	20⅛
" " " '67, " "	20⅛	20⅜
" " " '68, " "	20⅛	20⅜
" 10-40, coupon	15⅜	15⅝
" Pacific 6's cy	19⅜	20
New 5's, Reg. 1881	14⅞	15⅛
" " c. 1881	15⅛	15⅜
Gold	14⅝	14⅞
Silver	107	109
Pennsylvania	55½	55⅝
Reading	56⅛	56½
Philadelphia & Erie	21⅛	21½
Lehigh Navigation	51	51⅛
" Valley, Ex. Div	62¾	63
United R. R. of N. J	130¾	131
Oil Creek	9½	9⅝
Northern Central	32¼	33
Central Transportation	43⅛	43⅝
Nesquehoning	15	15¼
C. & A. Mortgage 6's, '89	103½	104

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLASTER.

We are now prepared to deliver the

CELEBRATED CAYUGA PLASTER,

finely ground, in car loads of 24,000 pounds to 28,000 pounds, manifest weight to be paid for as follows;

Curtin Station	9,00	per 2,000 lbs.
Milesburg	9,00	per 2,000 lbs.
Bellefonte	9,00	" " "
Unionville	9,25	" " "
Julian	9,75	" " "
Martha	9,75	" " "
Port Matilda	10,00	" " "
Hannah	10,00	" " "
Bald Eagle	10,50	" " "
Tyrone	10,00	" " "
Snow Shoe	10,50	" " "

Retail, at our yard in Bellefonte

9,50 PER TON OF 2,000 POUNDS.

Farmers will advance their interests by laying in their stock at once, or by informing us as to how much they will want, as it is hard to get as the season progresses toward corn planting.

We continue to buy

CORN AND POTATOES

at the highest market prises.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

SHORTLIDGE & CO.,

Bellefonte, Pa.

14-3t

ICE, ICE, ICE.

I take this method to inform the public that I will furnish ice the following season at prices so low as to defy competition. To customers taking less than fifty pounds per day, per lb, and those taking fifty pounds or more per day for the full season ⅓ cent per pound will be charged. Good ice and full weight will be given in every case.

These prices are as low as ice can possibly be furnished and I guarrantee to all my customers perfect satisfaction. J. E. HAUENBERY.

14-tf

200

CARRIAGES AT AUCTION.

Fifty-seventh Semi-annual Philadelphia Trade Sale.

ON THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 27, 1875, at 10 o'clock, at

HERKNESS' BAZAAR, Philadelphia, Pa.

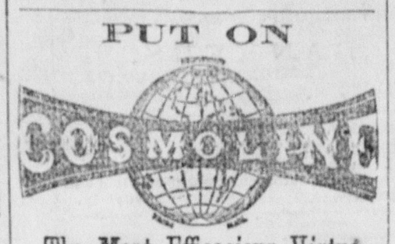
14-2t

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published Send for circulars and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO. Philadelphia, Pa. 11-4w

REBUILT CHICAGO. Hand-book of the Resurrected City. 150 pp. 300 engravings of new Buildings, etc. Sent, prepaid, for 50 cts. J. M. WING & CO., Ashland Block, Chicago. 11-4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUT ON



The Most Efficacious Virtue FROM PETROLEUM.

Because wounded nature rapidly restores itself when thoroughly protected from atmospheric action. Science acknowledges a perfect application in COSMOLINE. No rancidity or decomposition. Healing without the slightest irritation or smarting. Leaves no scars. Results are astounding!

Any inflamation, old and corrupt sores, eruptions and sloughing wounds yield to it. It is Nature's faithful ally in the struggle. For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Blisters, Chafing, Poisons, Bites, Piles, Itching Tetter, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Mumps, Sore Throat, Coughing, Frosted Limbs, Chapped Skin.

The Pomade of Cosmoline never becomes rancid nor loses its rich perfume. It cures all scalp diseases, keeps the hair soft, glossy and free from gum.

☞ Ask for PLAIN COSMOLINE, or for COSMOLINE POMADE: 50 cants a bottle, with the above trade mark and the name of E. F. HOUGHTON & CO., Philadelphia.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

7-14-1y

An April Fool

will not subscribe

for

THE RURAL HOME from April 4th to January, but

A Wise Man

will, since the subscription for that period—THIRTY-NINE WEEKS—will cost him only

ONE DOLLAR POST-PAID.

First-class, Eight-Page, Agricultural and Family Weekly—82 a Year.

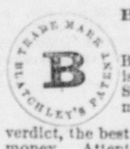
☞ Specimens Free. Address

THE RURAL HOME,
Rochester, N. Y.

13-4t

Danchy & Co.

BLATCHLEY'S



Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing, with stamp,

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St., Philadelphia Pa.

Vol. 7 No. 9-9m.

JUST READY—ENTIRELY NEW—AUTHENTIC—COMPLETE

ife and Labors of

IVINGSTONE,

BY REV. J. E. CHAMBLISS.

This gifted author having free access to the personal writings of Livingstone, unfolds clearly the grandeur of his character, magnitude of his life-work, the giant-like perils and thrilling adventures he met, the grand achievements he won, as also the curiosities, the wonders and wealth of that marvelous country, its vegetation, minerals, reptiles, beasts, savages, etc. WIDE AWAKE AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE AT ONCE for the only cheap complete work. Over 800 pages, 100 splendid illustrations, a superb map, (includes his "Last Journals.") Price only $3.50. Will sell immensely. Millions want it. For particulars address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom Street, Philla. 11 4w.

DUTCHESS NURSERIES

Established 1863.

Nursery and Greenhouse Stock, Flower and Vegetable Seeds. Wholesale and Retail.

HIGHLAND HARDY RASPBERRY,

The Hardiest and Best Raspberry grown. (New) Seeds and Small Plants by Mail, postpaid. Send for Catalogues with Prices.

W. L. FERRIS, JR., & CO.,
15 & 17 Acadamy St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

A FORTUNE FOR $1.

WYOMING MONTHLY

LOTTERY

On authority of an act of the Legislature. Tickets $1 Each. Six for $5, 1 Chance in 9. Drawn every 30 Days.

Fifth Extraordinary Drawing.

51,015 Cash Prizes,	$350.00
Capital Prize,	$1000.00

Judge Haskell President of the Senate, presided over the last drawing.

AGENTS WANTED. For full particulars send for circulars. Address the Managers.

J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming.

N. B.—Laramie City is on the Union Pacific Railroad, between Chicago and Ogden. 11-4t

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD!

THE ILLUSTRATED

HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE

with which is incorporated

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

EVERY NUMBER PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED!

AGENTS MAKE from $5 to $15 per day and expenses in canvassing for us. Send Ten Cents for Specimen Copy. Catalogue, Premium List and full instructions mailed free upon application. With each subscription remit Ten Cents for Postage, which must be paid in advance. Our New Premium List is the most liberal and attractive ever offered by any publication in this country. With a Paid up Capital of $50,000, and the most ample facilities, all orders will hereafter be filled the same day they are received. Address

HOUSEHOLD PUBLISHING CO.,
P. O. Box 3187, 41 Park Row, New York.

12-4t

A BRAVE BOOK !!

"WHAT WOMAN SHOULD KNOW."

A Woman's Book about Women, by a Woman. (Mrs. E. B. DUFFEY.)

The only work of the kind ever written by a woman, is a necessity in every household, its entire novelty and eminent practicalness creates and immense demand. Notwithstanding the delicate subjects necessarily treated, it is written in such a brave pure style as will not offend the most fastidious. Lady agents never had such an opportunity to make money and do good. Terms and sample sheets mailed free on immediate application.

J. M. STODDART & CO., Philadelphia

Vol. 7 No. 9-3t.

PETITIONS FOR LICENSE

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE

Legal Notices.

GOOD CHANCE FOR A DAIRYMAN.—One of the prettiest located, most fertile well cultivated farms especially calculated for the dairy business, and situate but one mile North-east of the flourishing town of Milton, Pa., containing 70 or 91 acres, as may suit purchaser, adjoining the prospective Milton Fair Grounds, with beautiful, large and never-failing springs of excellent water, deemed abundant to supply the entire town of Milton at some future period, fine paying quarries, orchard, and fruit trees of many varieties, good fences, splendid building, and water at both house and barn, is offered at private sale, and on satisfactory terms to buyer. Reasons for selling are that owner is too aged to handle the property. For furher particulars address J. G. Kurtz, or the owner at Milton, Pa.

11-4t JACOBY HARTMAN.

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE

A valuable farm containing 388 acres more or less in Worth twp., within two miles of the railroad station at Martha Furnace.

The farm is under good state of cultivation, over one hundred acres cleared the balance covered with a valuable growth of timber. It is also well watered. Will be sold together or in lots to suit purchaser.

Terms easy. Any person in quest of a good farm will do well to examine this before purchasing elsewhere.

9-tf MICHAEL BROWN.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—Notice is hereby given that Sec. 3 Act of Assembly, April 29, 1874, "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of certain Corporations," that an application will be made to the Court of Centre county for the incorporation of an Association or Organization to be known as the "National Executive Committee of the Junior Sons of '76" the object and aim of which is "to maintain man's national right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." The said Association or Corporation to be perpetual and subject to the Act of Assembly above mentioned. 12-3t

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that Martin L. Leitzell of Potter township, has filed his application for a license to keep an Inn or Tavern at Potter's Mills.

A. WILLIAMS,
Prothonotary.

APPLICATION FOR LICENSE.—Notice is hereby given that Samuel H. Kunes of Liberty Township, has filed his application for a license to keep an Inn or Tavern in Eagleville.

A. WILLIAMS,
Prothonotary.

13-3t

NOTICE.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

SPECIAL TAXES,

May 1, 1875, to April 30, 1876.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3237, 3238, and 5239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, TO PRODUCE AND PLACE CONSPICUOUSLY IN HIS ESTABLISHMENT OR PLACE OF BUSINESS a Stamp denoting the payment of said Special Tax for the Special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1875, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1875.

The Taxes Embraced Within the Provisions of the Law Above Quoted are the Following, viz:

Rectifiers	200 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in access of $1.000	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of still	50 00
And for each still manufactured	20 00
And for each worm manufactured	20 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals)	50 00
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyence)	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to John H. Burrows, Collector of Internal Revenue at Williamsport, Pa. and pay for and procure the Special Tax Stamp or stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1875, and WITHOUT FUETHER NOTICE.

J. W. DOUGLASS,
Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Office of Internal Revenue,
Washington, D. C., February 1, 1875.

The Collector or his Deputy will be at the Bush House in Bellefonte, April 29th, for the purpose of receiving taxes. 12-5t

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House in Bellefonte, on the 23rd of April, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following valuable Real Estate:

A two story frame dwelling house and lot on the south side of High street, opposite the county jail, being the north-west quarter of lot No. 68 in the borough of Bellefonte. The lot being 30 feet front and 72 feet 4 inches deep, late the property of James H. Hinton, deceased.

Terms, one-half on confirmation of sale and the residue within one year thereafter, with interest to be secured by Bond and Mortgage on the premises. JOHN L KURTZ,

Administrator of J. H. Hinton, dec'd.

12-3t

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSE.

John Ramsdale, Philipsburg boro.—Tavern.
Catharine Smith, Snow Shoe twp.—Restaurant.
Jeffrey Hayes, Rush twp.—Tavern.
Solomon Schmidt, Philipsburg boro.—Wholesale.
Richard Hayes, Philipsburg boro.—Tavern.
Hiram Harris, Philipsburg.—Restaurant.
John Spangle, Potter twp.—Tavern.

14-3t. A. WILLIAMS,
Prothonotary.

AGENTS! SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND TERMS.

LIVINGSTONE'S Popular Edition Price $2.50 **LAST JOURNAL!**

The story of the last seven eventful years of the Great Traveler's life as told by himself, and of his sufferings and death as told by his men. The book they want. F. C. BLISS & CO., Publishers, Newark, New Jersey. 13-4t

A FORTUNE MADE IN IT.—Every family buys it. Sold by Agents. Address, G. S. WALKER, Erie Pa. 13-4t

$20 DAILY TO AGENTS. 85 new articles and the best Family Paper in America, with two $5 00 Chromos, free. AM. M'F'G CO., 300 Broadway, New York. 13-4t.

Lumber etc.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,

OAK

HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.

W. M. HOLMES,

Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co Pa. 3-4t

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED.

At the rate this work is now selling it will attain a sale of

100,000 COPIES

before the canvass is complete. Presbyterian ministers without charge, or those in ill health who wish to regain it by open air exercise, students, laymen, and others who desire lucrative employment in a most respectable occupation, are solicited to apply for an agency to sell

"THE HISTORY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,"

a beautiful large octavo volume, illustrated with steel and wood engravings, which every Presbyterian family will want to possess. Applications for exclusive territory should be made at once.

Price in cloth, $4; French Morocco, $5; Half Turkey Morocco, $7; Full Turkey Morocco, $9.

Address DEWITT C. LENT & CO., 446 Broome Street, New York. 7-2-6m

Prospectus.

THE ILLUSTRATED

HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE,

WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE.

It is the intention of the conductors of this Magazine to still further make it a model of literary and mechanical excellence, and, with this view, no advantage will be neglected which either talent or capital can command to render each issue an agreeable and instructive compendium of

POPULAR READING.

Its pages will be devoted to popular literature, science, art, education and social development. Its characteristic feature is comprehensiveness. The manuscripts now on hand, and others especially engaged, embrace an usually attractive list of

DESCRIPTIVE SKETCHES OF TRAVEL, SERIAL STORIES, TALES, POEMS, PAPERS ON SCIENCE AND ART, POPULAR ESSAYS, NARRATIVES, LITERARY CRITICISMS, FASHIONS, etc.,

together with a variety of able and interesting articles upon the important Questions of the Day. A large portion of the articles, especially those descriptive of travel, will be

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

The pictorial embellishments of the Magazine hereafter constituting one of its most attractive features.

The purpose of the Publishers is to furnish a periodical which shall be instructive in THE HOUSEHOLD, THE LIBRARY and THE READING ROOM, giving an abundance of entertaining and popular literature and information for both old and young, carrying light comfort and good nature into every family, and making it acceptible for the whole Household—father and mother, boys and girls, young men and young women.

THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSHOLD MAGAZINE

includes several DISTINCT DEPARTMEMTS, each under competent and efficient management, viz:

1. SKETCHES—consisting of Descriptions of Travel and Adventure, Serial Stories, Tales and Narratives, lavishly and appropriately illustrated.
2. MISCELLANY—made up of brilliant extracts from new books, highly entertaining sketches of notable persons and things from the best Foreign Publications, Poems and Papers on Science and Art.
3. EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT—in which is given brilliant essays upon a wide range of subjects; social topics discussed and current incidents and doings glanced at.
4. FASHION DEPARTMENT—containing a resume of the Paris, London and New York Fashions, illustrated with ingraving of the latest styles.
5. LETERARY NOTES—devoted to reviews and criticisms of new books and general information.
6. CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT—furnishes instruction and entertainment to the Boys and Girls, and those older people who have young hearts. It is embellished with high class illustrations of Natural History, Wonderful Scenery and rare incidents.
7. HOUSEKEEPER'S DEPARTMENT—comprising information and receipts, many of which are original and published for the first time all collected from the most authentic sources.

It will be the constant aim of the HOUSEHOLD PUPLISHING COMPANY to make THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE in the future, as WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE has been in the past,

THE BEST DOLLAR MONTHLY PUBLISHED,

sparing neither effort, trouble nor expense in securing the BEST WRITERS as contributors, and the BEST ARTISTS to produce illustrations to enrich its pages.

AGENTS WANTED.—We require a good, FAITHFUL AGENT in every town throughout the United States and Canada, who will earnestly engage in the business of procuring subscribers—not for a few days or a month only, but permanently—with a firm determination to canvass thoroughly and carefully the entire field selected, improving every opportunity to realize all that can be made from the introduction of the Magazine.

OUR PREMIUM AND CLUBBING LISTS offer great inducements for working in our behalf. Schools and Churches have here an unusual opportunity to procure Musical Instruments from the best manufacturers, with comparatively slight exertions. Artisans, Professional Men and Students may gratify their literary tastes by ordering from the Clubbing Lists. Children may earn and own many long and desired articles by obtaining the few subscribers required.

TERMS—YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION, $1.00.

Specimen Copies mailed, post-paid, to any address upon receipt of ten cents.

The postage within the United States is Ten Cents a year, which must be forwarded with the subscription, as the new Postal Law requiring the prepayment of postage on all magazines by publishers themselves, instead of subscribers, compels us to collect the postage in advance.

Send for Circulars containing rates of commission and inducements to canvassers, and the Premium and Clubbing Lists.

THE YOSEMITE VALLEY.

We continue to offer this celebrated Oil Chromo in connection with the ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, furnishing them to our subscribers upon the following very generous terms:

WITH MOUNTED CHROMO, $2.00. UNMOUNTED CHROMO, $1,50

The Mounted Chromo is delivered at our office, or by canvassers, or boxed and sent by express at the subscriber's expense, or sent by mail upon receipt of Twenty Cents for extra postage. The Unmounted Chromo is sent free by mail.

All communications must be addressed

HOUSEHOLD PUBLISHING CO.,
41 Park Row, New York.

By special arrangement we are prepared to furnish THE ILLUSTRATED HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, and REPUBLICAN, postage paid, for 1875, for $2.75.

MARYLAND FARMS AND HOMES, 10,000 ACRES. Near railroad. Location healthy. Address WM. S. RIDGELY, Attorney, Denton, Maryland. 13-4w

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirts, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Phila. Pa. 4t

NONPARIEL Skirt Supporter or Ladies Garment Suspender, attached to one or half dozen Skirts in a moment, constructed upon physiological principles having for its aim health and comfort. Pat. May 5, 1874. Samples by mail 50 cents. ELLIS M'F'G CO., Waltham, Mass. Agents Wanted. 11 4w

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	12,55	p. m	
" " " Harrisb'g	5,00	p. m	
" " " Williamsp't	9.15	p. m	
" "arr. at Lock Haven	10.20	p. m	
" " " Buffalo	9.00	p. m	
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11.55	p. m	
" " Harrisburg	4.25	a. m	
" " Williamsport	8,35	a. m	
" " Lock Haven	9,45	a. m	
" " Renovo	11,10	a. m	
" " arr. at Erie	8.05	p. m	
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia,	8.00	a. m	
" " " Harrisburg	1.25	p. m	
" " " Williamsport	6.20	p. m	
" " arr. at Lock Haven	7.30	p. m	
LOCK HAVEN Accom. leaves Harris'g	9.15	a m	
" " " Wmsp't	2.05	p m	
" " leaves Lock Haven	3.10	p m	

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven	6,40	a m	
" " " Williamsp't	7.55	a. m	
" " arr. at Harrisb'g	12.10	a. m	
" " " Philadelphia	4.15	p. m	
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	11.20	a. m	
" " " Renovo	8.25	p. m	
" " " Lock Haven,	9,45	p. m	
" " " Williamsp't,	10.50	p. m	
" " arr. at Harrisburg	2.30	a. m	
" " arr. at Phila	6.50	a. m	
FAST LINE leaves Emporium	8.55	p. m	
" " " Renover	10.40	p m	
" " " Lock Haven	11.55	p m	
" " " Williamsport	1.10	a m	
" " arr at Harrisburg	4.20	a m	
" " " Philadelphia	8.05	a m	
DAY EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven	11.25	a m	
" " " Williamsport	12.25	a m	
" " arr at Harrisburg	4.00	p m	
" " " Philadelphia	7.30	p m	

Mail East connect east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Erie Mail and Elmira Mail make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	8 30	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 37	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 23
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 46
Howard	15	10 38	4 00
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04
Julian	34	11 57	5 15
Martha	38	12 08	5 26
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44
Bald Eagle	50	12 42	5 58
Vail	52	12 48	6 03
East Tyrone	54	12 53	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10	A.M.	2 15	P.M.
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40		5 35	
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10		2 25	
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10	P.M.	5 10	

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intersection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 23	4 39
Honey Creek	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 50 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

Were again awarded the highest premium, over all makers, at the late Franklin Institute Exhibition, and are the only First-class Instruments that can be obtained at Manufacturer's cost prices.

$300

For an Elegant 7⅓ oct. Rosewood Piano, The following are a few of the Principal Medals received.

First Prize Medal, (Franklin Institute,)		1874
" Silver " (Grand Piano)		1859
" Prize " Crystal Palace World Fair N Y		53
" Gold " American Inst., N. Y		1868
" Prize " Maryland Inst., Baltimore		1868
" Silver " Franklin Inst., Phila.		1845

Pianos ordered by mail, are carefully selected, and remittance is not required, until the instrument is received and approved. All our styles and classes, are built of the same excellent material and workmanship. Every instrument is fully guaranteed.

☞ Write or send for illustrated catalogue, and price list, giving full description of styles, prices, etc.

SCHOMACKER PIANO MF'G CO.,
9-12t Warerooms 1103 Chestnut St., Phila.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes; or Information for Everybody, in every county in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 2000 household recipes, and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book, and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, Postpaid, for $2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address, Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan. v7n1-13w.

Coal and Lime.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE

Shortlidge & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

COAL UNDER ROOF,

FROM THE

WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,

prepared expressly for family use.

BEST COAL IN THE MARKET!

Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

LIME!

WOOD or COAL BURNT,

challenges competition as to quality.

Agents for the sale of

DUPONT'S POWDER

RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.

FUSE—BEST COTTON, HEMP AND TAPE FUSE for BLASTING.

FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,

all of which are being sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.

CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!

Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot.

v5n34-1y

"A REMARKABLE BOOK," Arthur's latest and greatest.

DANGER!! OR WOUNDED IN THE HOUSE OF A FRIEND.

The crowning work of this veteran of American literature, has for its topic a subject affecting the social life of our whole people, and gives a terrible view of the evil it exposes. Extremely fascinating and sensational, it will be read with avivity by all. Illustrated and beautifully bound. We are determined to introduce it into ever family in the land, and offer unparalelled inducements to male and female canvassers. We want agents everywhere. Will send free on application, terms and descriptive circulars. J. M. STODDART & CO. 723 Chestnut St., Philla.

4w

Prospectus.

READ EVERY WORD.

TO MAKE ENOUGH MONEY

in the next three months to keep you a year, any unemployed person between the ages of 16 and 60 should take an agency for THE ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY, a large, sparkling, literary and family paper, ($2,50 a year) pure, instructive, and amusing; half of its pages full of beautiful pictures, the other half containing the choicest reading matter. JAMES PARTON contributing editor. Like that great English paper, the *The London News*, it is highly moral, but entirely uncertain and non-political. During a year it furnishes over 1,100 pictures, and the equal of 9 large octavo volumes reading matter. IT GIVES AWAY, extra each week, a large engraving, (52 in a year), size, 17x24 inches. These are exquisite facsimiles of the finest steel engravings, on heavy tinted paper, with margins suitable for framing, and are truly a fine art galary every year. Besides, each subscriber is presented with the chromo "Gold Fish, Fruit and Flowers," size 2

Agricultural.

☞ NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them up in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

GOOD SEED.

Thinking of the subject at times, it would seem that too many farmers are culpably negligent and thoughtless in the matter of the selection of seed—especially for field sowing; and as the season is rapidly approaching when the subject will again be practically forced upon their notice—we make an earnest appeal for the use of better seed for all farm and garden purposes. It is really a great piece of improvidence to prepare the soil in good condition, manure liberally, and then plant or sow poor seed. By such a course, not only all the labor of preparation would be thrown away, but the expectation of increase and profit would be blighted, and the labor and hope of a season result only in disappointment.

While it is true that much attention has in recent years, been given to the improvement of our grain and seeds, and that these improvements have resulted in good—it is also true that farmers generally have taken advantage of the efforts of those who have led off in this direction, to the extent they should have done. We read of notable instances of surprising improvements that have been made with Indian corn, wheat, oats, barley, and other cereals; as well as with garden crops, vegetables, &c., by, selection and careful cultivation for a series of years; and yet, as just stated, farmers are slow to adopt the results of these experiments, or to put in operation, similar improvements of their own. How many farmers winnow out and save the heaviest oats, wheat and barley for sowing; how many separate out the light, imperfect kernels, and foul seeds, and destroy them previous to sowing; how many wash their seed wheat, that the seeds of noxious weeds may be discarded, and the wheat rendered heavy and clear for the purpose of producing a good yield of extra quality of grain? Yet these are very important points in the most important work of the year on our farms—that of seed time—and in reality take precedence of high manuring and good cultivation. If the farmer attends to these latter matters, and yet sows foul or light seed, he is perpetrating an injury, and gaining but a portion of the profit and increase from his land and labor which he might. He that would raise heavy and satisfactory crops, must be sure to use good, heavy, clean and perfect seed; and the really good farmer will use no other, either for his field or garden.

We have before us the results of the cleansing of barley and wheat, by the aid of one of the most perfect grain separators we have ever seen—which we believe have never before been published. The first was a bushel of barley, weighing 46lbs., which was separated with the following result, viz.: from the bushel, 28lbs. of plump seed barley was obtained, 13lbs. of light barley and oats, 3lbs. of buckwheat, and one pound of seeds of weeds. The second was a bushel of wheat weighing 58 lbs., cleansed with the following results, viz.: from this bushel 34 lbs. of No. 1, or heavy seed wheat were obtained, 12 lbs. of No. 2, or middling (light) wheat, 6 lbs. of No. 3 wheat (very small, winched kernels) and pink or cockle, 5 lbs. of oats and barley, and one pound of tangle weed and other foul seeds. As both the above samples of grain were taken from the ordinary crops grown on a first class farm, it will be seen how large a proportion of poor, light grain, as well as seeds of foul and noxious plants, were being raised and propagated by the use as seed of the barley and wheat raised. Even if the oats and barley and wheat were in every instance cleansed or washed before being sown—which, however, is not the case—the seeds of weeds are propagated through the manure hauled out upon the land, and our fields are by this means overrun with useless plants and seeds. So if the farmer would not only raise profitable crops of heavy grain, but keep his farm clean and free from weeds, he must be careful to sow only good grain, thoroughly cleansed, free from worthless and foul seed.

THE IDEA OF PERMANENCY IN OUR WORK.

We commend the thoughtful and careful reading of the following extract from an unknown source, to all our readers; and especially to those who may be unsettled in their plans, anxious to "pull stakes" for some other place; and to just live from year to year, in a sort of "hand to mouth" fashion, making no improvements, and being of little real service to the community. The extract is full of truth, and we are sure its reading will inspire every sluggish, inactive mind, with a new determination to carry out its healthful suggestions. We shall never succeed in any of our undertakings unless we abandon the make-shift system that many of us have adopted in our farming; and, putting soul and energy in our work, labor to make our home, its surroundings and its constant duties, not only better each year, but attaining unto that perfection and stability which comes from faith in our calling, and a well grounded hope in the permancy and strength of our homes, and our business:

"The feeling that you are settled and fixed will induce you to go to work to improve your farms, to plant orchards, to set out shade trees, to enclose pastures, to build comfortable out-houses, and each successive improvement, is a bond to bind you still closer to your homes. This will bring contentment in the family. Your wives and daughters will fall in love with the country, your sons will love home more than the grog-shop, and prefer farming to measuring tape or professional loafing, and you will be happy in seeing the contented and cheerful faces of your families. Make your home beautiful, convenient and pleasant, and your children will love it above all other places; they will leave it with regret, think of it with fondness, come back to it joyfully, and seek their chief happiness around their home fireside. Women and children need more than meat, bread and raiment; more than acres of corn and cotton spread out all around them. Their love of the beautiful must be cultivated; their sensibilities humored, not shocked. To accomplish this good end, home must be made lovely, conveniences multiplied, comforts provided, and cheerfulness fostered. There must be both sunshine and shade, luscious fruits and fragrant flowers, as well as corn and cotton. The mind and heart as well as the fields, must be cultivated; and then intelligence and contentment will be the rule instead of the exception. Stick to, improve and beautify your homesteads; for with this good work comes contentment."

Communicated.

A Word About Help.

We hear the common cry for domastic help, and the plaint "poor help," and happily entertain our own individual views on the subject. We believe when a young woman enters a family to do kitchen or other work pertaining to the household, that her labor should be an equivalent for the wages she receives. Her endeavor should be to do well, and every day should be to her a school of domestic economy and womanly improvement. There is never need of difficulty between mistress and maid, and when the mistress is fitted for her position there seldom is. Who would have good domestics, must be good housekeepers and true women themselves. The trouble begins here, and when woman is rationally educated to take efficient charge of her own household, though bodily unable to lift her hand, there will be no idle complaints on the part of her domestics; nor will decent help refuse her need—for human sympathy is ever hers. "Knowledge is power," and knowing how to do well herself, will bring light and strength to those who serve her. Education and place should invariably secure to woman true self-respect—then do her life and labor satisfy.

I will add one or two receipts which I have proved to be good, and can recommend:

Rose Cookies.

Two-thirds cup butter, 1 cup sugar, 2 cups molasses, 2 tablespoonfuls soda. Beat all to a foam. Add 1, tablespoonful cinnamon, 2 tablespoonfuls ginger, ½ cup new milk. Beat well, then stir in flour to roll thin—mould with crimping tins, and bake just a clear brown.

Good Remedy for Croup.

Spread cold lard on soft flannel and with it swathe the throat and breast of the patient, putting on clean, dry clothing, and keeping very warm to induce perspiration. Always give a mild physic, and warm gruel or new milk to drink, when the child needs.

JENNIE DEANE.

Queries About Root Growing.

Being engaged in raising milk, I am desirous of growing a larger supply of roots to feed to my cows, but the cost of cultivation by hand labor is quite an item. Now I wish to inquire through the columns of your valuable paper, if any of the numerous farmers who read the REPUBLICAN, have had any experience with Comstock's or any of the other seed drills that are in the market. If so, will not some one or more of them give me some information through the REPUBLICAN? Will they work well on common soil, and can they be made useful in the after cultivation, and would it be a profitable investment of ten or fifteen dollars for a poor but honest man to buy one who wants to raise a few hundred bushels of mangolds and Swedes?

I am thinking of trying Lane's sugar beet this season. Have any of my brother farmers proved this variety of beet; and if so will they not make it known? I have used up my stock of roots, and I notice a falling off in the milk and wished I had raised a hundred bushels more mangolds last year. Roots of any kind are eagerly sought after by all kinds of neat stock, and I can't help thinking that it would be well for farmers to grow more of them than they are in the habit of doing. Very few in this section make any account of growing roots to feed to stock; the reason seems to be that it don't pay.—*Hiram.*

Hens.

C. O. Read, of Penn Amboy, New Jersey, writes to the *Tribune:*

I have a flock of about 200 Brahmas and Leghorns, and am now getting from 80 to 90 eggs daily. Last year my hens paid $3 20 each, over and above the cost of their keeping. The year before they paid still more, the price of grain being less than last year. These are not random estimates, for I keep accurate accounts, Dr. and Cr., with them. I get a good breed (Brahma) for raising chickens, and Leghorns for eggs. I have good, warm houses, made as tight as possible, with means for ventilation in mild weather. So warm that it rarely freezes in them in the coldest weather. I feed with a variety of grain—corn, wheat, barley, oats, and bran, keeping grain and water constantly before them. I also feed meat of some kind once a day, and in Winter some green food, such as chopped cabbage, beets or turnips, always keeping plenty of pulverized oyster shells or bones within their reach. I am governed in the matter of food largely by the tastes of the hens. Whatever they eat greedily I am sure is good for them, and take care that they shall be supplied with it.

Cure for Discontent.

An English country gentleman became tired of his house, and determined to sell it. He instructed an auctioneer, famous for his descriptive powers, to advertise it in the papers for private sale, but to conceal the location, telling persons to call at his office. In a few days the gentleman happened to see the advertisement, was pleased with the account of the place, showed it to his wife and the two concluded it was just what they wanted, and that they would secure it at once. So he went to the office of the auctioneer and told him the place he had advertised was such a one as he desired, and he would purchase it. The auctioneer burst into a laugh, and told him that that was the description of his own house where he was then living. He read the advertisement again, pondered over the "grassy slopes," "beautiful vistas," "smooth lawn," etc., and broke out, "Is it possible? Well, make out my bill for advertising and expenses, for I wouldn't sell the place now for three times what it cost me."—*Building News.*

A CONSIDERABLE number of orchards now coming into bearing in the West present the evidence of fruit-tree swindlers, for many of the sorts are quite different from what was ordered, and some are only seedlings. Nor is this evil likely to be diminished in the future. The only remedy is to increase the number of nurseries. There should be a nursery in almost every county, so that the proprietor may be held responsible if he deceives.

A recent number of a New York ladies' magazine in its housekeeper's department informs its readers that. "Virginia housewives make the best of pickles." That is a horrible suggestion.

"My son Augustus is so good in making a bow," said a fond and fashionable mother. "And my dog Crunch is so good at making a bow wow," growled her matter-of-fact Uncle John.

"IS THERE any man in this town named Afternoon?" inquired a Mississippi postmaster as he held up a letter directed "P. M."

KEARNEY'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU
Is the only known remedy for
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
And a positive cure for
GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Spermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregular or painful Menses, Bearing Down, Chlorosis, Sterility and all complaints incident to females.
KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU
For Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and Diseases of the Prostate Gland.
KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU
cures Diseases arising from Imprudences, Habits of Dissipation, &c., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, and expelling all Poisonous matter.
Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.
Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined.
KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU
Permanently cures all affections of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swelling existing in Men, Women and Children, no matter what the age. Ask for Kearney's. Take no other.
Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.
DEPOT, 104 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK.
A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for pamphlet free.
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
31-1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address,
Rev. E. A. WILSON,
1-6m 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. York

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAIRBANKS
SCALES.
Awarded the highest and only premium for SCALES,
TWO SILVER MEDALS AT THE
FRANKLIN INSTITUTE,
1874. Also at the
PARIS EXPOSITION,
1867, over Thirty-four Competitors, and at the
VIENNA EXPOSITION,
1873, and acknowledged the
STANDARD OF THE WORLD.
FAIRBANKS & EWING,
517 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.
4-13t

GREAT REDUCTION!
Good Revolvers - $4.50
Single Shot Guns $3 to $12.00
Double Guns $8 to $150.00
Powder, Shot, Cartridges,
BREECH-LOADING & MUZZLE-LOADING
SHOT GUNS & RIFLES
at the lowest possible rates.
FIREARMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY REPAIRED.
SHOP ON HIGH STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THEODORE DESCHNER.
7-3-1y

Foundries.

W. P. DUNCAN,
BELLEFONTE PA.
FOUNDER & MACHINIST
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Engines,
[HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS;
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
Mill Machinery.
v5n46-1y,

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,
(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
FLOUR, FEED, &c.,
AND DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.
The highest market price paid for
WHEAT, RYE,
CORN,
OATS, &c
6-30-1y

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS. Chang Chang sells at sight. Necessary as soap. Goods free. Chang Chang Mf'g Co., Boston. 11-4w

FREE SAMPLE to Agents. LADIES' COMBINATION NEEDLE-BOOK, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Mass. 11-4w

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest book ever published. Send for circulars and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO. Philadelphia, Pa. 11-4w

REBUILT CHICAGO. of the Resu 150 pp. 30c new Buildings, etc. Sent, pre J. M. WING & CO., Ashland P 11-4t

Banks and Bankers.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON, WM. THOMPSON, JR.
JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.
BANKERS,
LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.
v6n1-1y

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r
CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v6n1-1y.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

Professional Cards.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-1f.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja4'71-1f.

ISAAC LYTLE, Attorney-at-Law, Office with Wilson & Hutchison, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-1f

E. BLANCHARD. E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6-1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. C. T. ALEXANDER. C. M. BOWERS.
ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

D. G. BUSH. F. H. YOCUM.
BUSH & YOCUM, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa., will attend to all business entrusted to them, with promptness. Office North-east corner of the Diamond in Mrs. Irwin's stone building. v6n1-1y.

ROBERT GOHEEN
AUCTIONEER,
Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa

PETER MAYES,
AUCTIONEER
Will cry all sales entrusted to his care with promptness.
TERMS REASONABLE.
Address Bellefonte, Pa., or call personally a building of Isaac Hacpt, near the Railroad depot 6-14-tf

MILESBURG FOUNDRY.
CASTINGS AND MACHINERY OF ALL kinds made and fitted up in the best style
Thimble SKEINS
of the last improved style, Wholesale or Retail.
Turbine Water Wheels, Engines, &c.,
made to order. [5-17-1y] M. M. FAXON.

Furniture.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!
JOHN BRACHBILL,
Manufacturer and dealer in
FURNITURE
SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,
HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT
NEW STORE
And has now on hand the best assortment of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.
A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will be found at low prices. v6n10

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: System. All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-second edition), containing lists of over 2,000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many states at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. Get the book. 7-2-1y

Boots and Shoes.

POWERS' BOOT & SHOE STORE,
Opposite Bush House,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Powers' Boot & Shoe Store is the largest and best stocked establishment in Centre County. He keeps constantly on hand a full line of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
He is just opening the largest stock of Spring Goods ever brought to Bellefonte.
EDWIN C. BURT'S Celebrated
FINE SHOES
for ladies, which are acknowledged to be the best in the world, kept constantly on hand.
Boots and Shoes for men and women, of all styles and prices, from the most costly to the cheapest, constantly kept on hand.
WE DEFY COMPETITION!
either in quality or prices. Call and examine his new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and you will find it to your advantage.
vol7no5-6m

LOUIS DOLL,
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH ST., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.
Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. 5-29-1y

Carriages.

S. A. McQUISTION

MANUFACTURER OF
Buggies, Carriages,
Wagons Sleighs, &c.,
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!
SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT, BELLEFONTE PA. 5-4-1y

Book Bindery.

BOOK BINDERY
Chas. Knott,
BINDER FOR
BELLEFONTE PRESS COMPANY.
OFFICE AT PLANING MILL DAM.
Orders Addressed to
CHAS. KNOTT,
P.O. Box, 134, Bellefonte, P.
will receive prompt attention.
Newspapers, Periodicals, Magazines, Pla
Music and every other kind of publications,
☞BOUND IN ANY STYLE.☜
Constitutions, By-Laws and Pamphlet Work
☞BOUND IN EVERY STYLE.☜
All work warranted to be done in the best possible manner.
Prices Moderate!
v6n42-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment
is a certain and positive cure for WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS, CHILBLAIN'S AND ESPECIALLY OLD SORES AND OLD ULCERS OF LONG STANDING which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also cure all
EXTERNAL DISEASES
of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle, DR. R. D. TIPPLE, Bellefonte, Pa
36 6m

ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN
DRUGGIST,
BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE,
Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family receipts. v6n1-1y.

DR. J. V. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store.
6-13-1

EDWIN S. DORWORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on north side of Diamond. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-14-tf

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE
Corner Front and Pine Street,
PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.
ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.
The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MILLHEIM, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned adopts this method of informing the travelling community, and citizens generally, that he has refitted and furnished anew throughout, with first-class furniture, this well known and established house—
THE NATIONAL HOTEL, MILLHEIM, PA.
He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.
JONATHAN KREMER, Prop'r
jy14'73-1y

WEST STREET HOTEL.
Nos. 41, 42, 43 and 44 West St.,
NEW YORK.
A Temperance House,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
ROOMS 50 and 75 cents per Day, CHARGES very MODERATE. The best meats and vegetables in the market. BEST BEDS in the City.
6-28-1y B. T. BABBITT, Proprietor.

MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,
FOURTH ST.,
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-1f

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere until you have learned what we offer. G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 7-2-1y

DAUCHY & CO.

SMITH'S INSTRUCTION BOOK
OR, SECRETS OF DRESSMAKING.
Only 10 cents a year!! Postage Paid.
GIVES HINTS and RULES for CUTTING and FITTING and MAKING-UP LADIES', CHILDREN'S, and MISSES' CLOTHING, Household Notes, Fashions, Shopping, ILLUSTRATIONS OF PATTERNS.

3521
Overskirt.
Very Stylish. Price of Pattern with Cloth Model 25 Cents, which includes Smith's Instruction Book.

OFFER! THIS DRESS ELEVATOR, and PATTERN, and the INSTRUCTION BOOK, for ONE YEAR, all POST-PAID, for 60 CENTS.

A. BURDETTE SMITH,
914 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK CITY.
P. O. Box 5055.

Smith's "Instant Dress Elevator."

This CUT shows the Upper Part of the Skirt (wrong side out), with the "Elevator" fixed in. It keeps the skirt from the filth. It Loops the skirt in a Tasteful and Fashionable Manner. It draws all the fullness to the back, making the "straight front." It Saves more than Ten Times its Cost. It can be changed from One Dress to another. Price, 45 cents each.

SHOT-GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS & REVOLVERS,

Of any and every kind. Send stamp for Catalogue. Address **Great Western Gun and Pistol Works, PITTSBURGH, PA.**

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

UNEQUALED if judged critically, UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded

THREE HIGHEST MEDALS

AND **DIPLOMA OF HONOR** AT

VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.

ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at Industrial Expositions, **in America as well as Europe.** Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

BEST Declared by Eminent Musicians, in both hemispheres, to be **unrivaled.** See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than **One Thousand** (sent free).

INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. *Dealers get* LARGER COMMISSIONS *for inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.*

NEW STYLES with most important improvements ever made. **New Solo** and **Combination Stops. Superb Etagere** and other **Cases** of **new designs.**

PIANO-HARP CABINET ORGAN An exquisite combination of these instruments.

EASY PAYMENTS. Organs sold for cash; or payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

TIN WIRE RINGS.
Will not make a Hog's Nose Sore.
Hardware Dealers sell them. Ringer, $1; Tin Rings (100), 60c; Coppered Rings, 50c; Tongs, $1.25; by mail, postpaid. Circulars free.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation, which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR-DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye.
FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*, which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.
'THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER.'
THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Weekly, $2 Postage free to the Subscriber. Specimen copies and advertising rates free. Weekly in clubs of 30 or more only $1, postage paid. Address The Tribune, New York. 7-2-1y

---

MONEY easily made by selling TEAS at IMPORTERS' PRICES, or getting up clubs in town and country for the oldest Tea Company in America. Greatest inducements. Send for circulars. CANTON TEA CO., 148 Chambers St., New York. 9-4w

---

$5,000 For a case of Asthma, Cough or Cold that ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM will not cure. Large Bottles 35 cents.
GOLD JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 11-4w

For Sale or To Let.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first-class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

A WIRE MILL AND SPIRAL SPRING FACTORY, together with an excellent

WATER POWER!

ALL NEW AND IN PERFECT ORDER!

Situate on Logan's Branch just above Valentine's Forges, about one-half mile from Bellefonte. Also as much land as may be desired for the use of said Factory. For sale or rent. TERMS EASY. Inquire of
CHAS. McCAFFERTY, Owner,
or A. O. Furst, Bellefonte, Pa.

☞ Two other water powers adjoining, unimproved, with land sufficient for any manufacturing purpose. 6-8-tf.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

A valuable farm containing 215 acres, situate within one mile of Milesburg, and three miles of Bellefonte, at the junction of the Bald Eagle Valley and Snow Shoe railroads, near the depot, Schools, Churches, Post office, Mills, etc. The lands are FREE from STONE, level, well fenced, and under a good state of cultivation. A valuable vein of

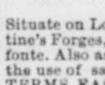
LIME STONE ROCK

is on the farm, and a village is growing up around it, which gives a fair prospect of an increase in value before long. The Philipsburg turnpike runs through it for a distance of ¼ of a mile rendering a large strip on each side available for house lots, from which the entire price of the farm might be realized, lots having sold heretofore for $100 apiece. The farm is well watered, having water in all the fields, good wells at the house and barn with pumps all in good order. There also are 50 acres of good

PINE AND OAK TIMBER.

The land has a southern exposure and is therefore very early. There are two houses on the farm, both facing the turnpike. One containing five rooms on the first floor with Hall and five on the second and back Kitchen, with room over-head. Connected with this house is a good log barn, ice house and other out buildings. On the other side of the road is the other house containing eight rooms with good barn and out buildings. This farm could be divided into two parts, and will be if purchasers so desire, making one containing 150 acres with the large house, and the other containing 36 acres with the small house. Terms easy. Inquire of James L. Sommerville, or R. T. Downing, or at the office of the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN.
38 tf.

ESSEX PIGS. ESSEX PIGS



I now have a few GRADE PIGS to sell CHEAP. Several good

CHESTER AND GRADE SOWS.

In the future will keep only PURE BLOODS. A few high grade ROASTERS, 30 to 100 lb. One or two PURE ESSEX; also, a new PRINDLE STEAMER. Have two, need only one. Order soon if you wish stock pigs.
A. S. TIPTON.
Curtin twp., Sept. 30, 1874. 22-tf

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA?

ARE YOU

Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making!

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no marked results, but gradually his troubles

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities, "the most powerful tonic and alternative known."

Ask your druggist for it.
For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 10-4t

---

TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE!

144 pages, illustrated. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading by both sexes, married or single. About physiology of Reproduction of healthy and beautiful children. Marriages whom to marry; proper age; marriage impediments; nervous debility; sexual inability; blood impurities, &c.; causes and consequences. Price 50 cents; sent securely sealed. Address

WM. WHITTIER, M. D.,
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B.—Dr. Whittier specially treats private diseases and all affections mentioned in his work, with greatest success. Cures guaranteed. Consultation—personally or by letter—confidential and free. Call or write. 7-4-1y

---

The Christian at Work.
T. DE WITT TALMAGE, EDITOR.

A Choice of Two Beautiful Premiums

A PORTFOLIO of Twelve Gems by Hendschel, each 8½x10½ in., or the superb Chromo, "The Twins," 22x28 in., after Landseer. Price $3.25, including the postage. No Extras of any kind. WITHOUT PREMIUM, $3 PER ANNUM.

Liberal commissions and exclusive territory to Agents. Special club rates. Samples and circulars free. Send Postal Card at once to
HORATIO C. KING, Publisher.
Box 5105, New York

Avoid Quacks & Imposters

NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE AND CONSULTATION.

Dr. J. B. Dyott, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables me to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage. Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10 cents.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon,
31-1y 194 Duane Street, New York.

MEDICAL.

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

THE GREAT INDIAN DIURETIC.
INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO BUCHU.

Nine tenths of the human family suffer, directly or indirectly, at one time or other, from diseases or irregularities of the generative system, while the victims of indiscretion, and of quack treatment, are comparatively numerous.

The idea that patients cannot treat themselves successfully in these cases, has long ago been exploded. A good and reliable medicine, prepared by an experienced physician, from the original Indian Recipe, that is guaranteed to effect a

SPEEDY AND RADICAL CURE.

can be as safely relied upon as the prescription of the most skillful practitioner. Such a medicine is the celebrated

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

Full directions accompany each bottle, and if they are carefully followed, a quick and permanent cure is guarranteed. Price $2.00 per bottle.

THE CHEROKEE INJECTION,

should always be used in conjunction with the Remedy for both incipient and obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa. Price $2.00 per bottle.

CHEROKEE CURE

for seminal weakness (spermatorrhœa), is a simple vegetable medicine that was used for many years in the practice of the physician who first gave the remedy to the public. It has effected cures that would scarcely be credited except on ocular evidence of the fact. Full directions, with pamphlet containing all particulars of symptoms, treatment, &c., accompany each bottle. Price $2.00 per bottle. Sold everywhere.

CHEROKEE PILLS.

These Pill are prepared expressly for the cure of those irregularities to which ladies are subject, and will be found safe, reliable and effectual, for the cure of Suppression, Green Sickness, Pain in the Back, Hysteria, Sick Headache, &c., &c. Price $1.00 per box.

Heimstreet's Hair Restorative,

OR INIMITABLE HAIR COLORING.

NOT A DYE.—Heimstreet's "Hair Coloring is not a Dye, and its operation is not by any chemical effect, but by a natural restoration of the glands, thus giving the hair the color it originally had.

NATURALNESS.—When the hair is dyed, its color is leaden hued and unnatural, but when restored by HEIMSTREET'S HAIR COLORING, its appearance is so perfectly natural that no one can detect the use of any Restorative.

STAINLESS.—While the Restorative acts promptly on the hair, it leaves no stain or mark whatever on the skin. It is composed of ingredients that form a perfect dressing as well as a coloring, so that no oils, &c., are necessary.

THIS MOST EFFECTIVE of all the Hair Restorers is for sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Numerous certificates from those who have used it are in the possession of the proprietors.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., New York.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & Co., Wholesale Ag'ts, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.

PARK'S BALSAM
OR
WILD CHERRY AND TAR.

BALSAM.—Nothing is more soothing to the irritated membranes than the pure BALSAMS of which this medicine is composed.

WILD CHERRY.—The true bark of Wild Cherry is an unfailing specific for all throat and pectorial diseases.

TAR.—The wonderful healing properties of Tar when united with the other ingredients, render PARK'S BALSAM the most efficient Cough Medicine ever offered to the public.

CONSUMPTION.—The many cases of Consumption that have been cured justify us in the assertion that it is the very best medicine for that disease ever discovered.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

STEPHEN FISK, of New York, says his daughter had consumption, and terbucles had formed in her lungs. He was induced to try Park's Balsam, which effected a speedy cure.

T. EDWARD FLEET, of Brooklyn says, I think it is the best medicine for affections of the lungs I ever used.

G. S. FASCHER, of New York says, I feel fully persuaded that Park's Balsam has saved my life.

We have in our possession hundreds of certificates from others, and all of the same cheering import. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Address all orders to JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., 8 and 9 College Place, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors.

EGYPTIAN
Rat and Vermin Destroyer

FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, WATER BUGS, ROUCHES, RED ANTS, &c.

STRENGTH.—When a Rat tastes the Egyptian Destroyer, his death warrant is signed, sure. It cannot fail to kill. It also creates great thirst, and the rat will search for water out of doors, and not die in his hole, to cause a stench that cannot be got out.

ATTRACTIVENESS.—Rats are the shrewdest of vermin. It is hard to get them to eat poison. An ingredient in the Egyption Destroyer is a perfect bait, and they are attracted rather than freightened be it. "Rats (not children) cry for it.

KEEPING SOFT.—People know how the ordinary Rat Pastes dry up and become useless, causing annoyance and loss. The Egyptian Destroyer is fully warranted to keep soft, fresh and effective in any climate for years.

SURE DEATH.—The Egyptian Destroyer kills every time. Hundreds of unsolicited testimonials are now in the hands of the proprietors, substantiating its great merits as the best preparation for destroying Vermin in the world. Be sure and ask for the "Egyptian," and take no other.

Put up in large glass bottles. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists everywhere.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., AGENTS, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.
METROPOLITAN MEDICINE CO., Sole Proprietors.
6-30-1y

HOLLOWAY'S
Pills and Ointment

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

THE GRAND PRINCIPLE that operates in these wonderful medicines is the power that they possess in purifying the turbid blood, and expelling corrupt humors from the system.

Both the ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bunions, Burns, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Fistula, Gout, Limbago, Mercurial Eruptions, Piles, Rheumatism, Ring-Worms, Salt Rheums, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Swelled Glands, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Sore Throats, Sores of all kinds, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Tetter, Ulcers, Venereal sores, Wounds of all kinds.

USE HOLLOWAY'S EXPECTORANT for the absolute cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pains in the Chest, and all affections of the Pulminary nature.

CAUTION.

Be careful and see that each bottle has the Holloway and Co. trade mark on it.

Price, 25cts., 62cts., and $1.00; great saving in buying large sizes.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., PROP'RS.
9 College Place, N. Y.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
6-30-1y

THE VOICE OF MASONRY
AND FAMILY MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, IS NOW IN ITS 13th YEAR. It contains a full account of all matters pertaining to craft, supplied by its large corps of able contributors, both at home and abroad, and is one of the best mediums of Masonic information. PRICE $2 PER YEAR, in advance, with Masonic Chromo, $2.50. Send 25 cents for sample copy.

Address VOICE OF MASONARY,
No. 182 West Monroe St. Chicago Ill., and No. 8 College Place or P.O. Box 1789, New York City
6-30-1y

MEDICAL.

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief space afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.
6-tf

W. & L. WETSLER,
DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
5-33-tf

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY
STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy
BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISIN NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.
H. D. YERGER,
v6n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

AMERICAN LINE
MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
ONLY
LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG.
Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA
For QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL.
CABIN, INTERMEDIATE & STEERAGE
Accommodations Unsurpassed,
Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
W. W. POTTER, PHILADELPHIA.
Penna. R. R. Office, Agnet, Bellefonte. 32-1y

Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S
REMOVAL.
F. C RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. vol7-no4-tf

---

Coal, Lime, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the

MOST REASONABLE PRICES

Our Coal is of the very

BEST IN THE MARKET

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.

OFFICE IN McCAFFERTY'S BUILDING,
(opposite the depot)
J. R. & C. T. ALEXANDER.

Hardware.

F. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.

ELAINE

AS AN ILLUMINATOR.

WHY IT IS THE SAFEST.

ELAINE will not explode while burning in a lamp, nor in any other way, as it does not contain any of the explosive compounds so frequently met with in the ordinary oil for illuminating. A lamp, filled with ELAINE, if upset or accidently broken, will not explode or burn. There is no position in which you can put a lamp filled with ELAINE, for common use, in which it will explode. As no other illuminator has such advantages of safety, ELAINE IS CERTAINLY THE SAFEST FAMILY ILLUMINATING OIL KNOWN.

[Almost the same price as coal oil.]

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods

COMPLETE SADDLER'S STOCK.

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVES,

guaranteed to be the best and the heaviest casting, largest oven &c.

Cash or short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.

37-tf WILSON & HICKS.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,
v5 No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE
CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,
(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)
BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW
PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from
CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-35-tf. Bellefonte Centre co., Pa.

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,
Has just received a large invoice of
GENTLEMENS'
FURNISHING GOODS.
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
AND
VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,
ALLEGHENY STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN,
a most complete stock of
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES
AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,
No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-5-1

JNO. D. SOURBECK.
LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attende to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.
5-16 2y

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, is Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

---

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-29-1y

---

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

DR. BELLS SPECIFIC REMEDIES have stood the test of thirty years, and are still unequaled for their great efficacy in curing all diseases of the Urino-Genetal system arising from youthful indiscretion or imprudent habits.

YOUTH, MANHOOD, AND OLD AGE are alike benefitted by them, and a cure may confidently be expected in all cases of Nervous Debility and Depression, Gravelly Deposits, Pains and Irritations, Seminal Weakness, Emissions, Discharges, and other Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, conditions arising from one and the same cause.

These remedies can be used without detection, as they never nauseate the stomach, or interfere with diet, or business pursuits.

Trial boxes, properly secured from observation, will be sent by mail, on receipt of ONE DOLLAR—pamphlet containing full particulars, sent on receipt of stamp. Address,
47-3m JOHN LAMB, P. O. Box 3385, N. York.

FREE SAMPLES to agents. Ladies' Combination Needle Book, with 4 chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co. New Bedford, Mass. 44-4t

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

onstans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets e second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——John Cessna, ex-Congressman, denies that he was a candidate for Sergeant at Arms of the House.

——Bellefonte has now five as good hotels as can be found in any other town of the same size in the State.

——The Central Pennsylvania M. E. Conference will hold its next annual session in Grace Church, Harrisburg.

——If the doctors of Tyrone are not enjoying themselves just now it is a little strange, with mumps, measles and scarlet fever raging there.

——Rev. J. F. Bell, pastor of the M. E. Church at Eagleville for the past two years, goes to Pine Glenn and Rev. John Lloyd takes his place.

——If mud holes were ornaments, Bellefonte would be profusely decorated just now. Let the street dentist see to the filling of these cavities immediately.

——At a spelling match in Missouri lately B. Gratz Brown went down on the word "bamboozle." At the great match in 1872 he went down on the word "liberal."

——In one week alone—that ending March 27,—there was received at the Lock Haven freight depot, eighty barrels of whiskey. They were preparing for the freshet!

——They have considerable fun at spelling bees in Pittsburgh. One man spelled "pasnip" and was hooted out and another spelled "buste" and was boosted to the foot of the class in a hurry.

——May, the beautiful month of May, 1875, will have five Saturdays, five Sundays and five Mondays. This is not awarded to any other month in the year and May may go up head.

——We are pleased to note a number of repairs already being made on the pavements, but we don't mean to say that the business has been overdone. Plenty of places yet that need attention.

——Miss Emma Wagner, daughter of D. M. Wagner of this place, has been on a visit to San Francisco and Salt Lake City. She is delighted with the former city and writes glowingly of its many beauties. Miss Emma will return home in a few weeks.

——Three weeks from Monday court will begin, and then we expect a tremendous rush of subscribers at this office to pay their subscriptions. Well, let them come; we'll try to be equal to the emergency, but like as not we'll need one or two more pocket books.

——Somebody has suggested that when hanging is too good for a man, the following be the sentence: Judge. "Prisoner, I sentence you to read the examinations and cross examinations of the Beecher-Tilton scandal until you are dead, and may God have mercy on your soul."

——The Penn. R. R. Company have commenced to erect at their shops at Altoona, one centennial passenger car, as a trial to see what they will cost. If they find they can build them as cheaply as they can contract them for, they will at once commence filling an order for one hundred of them.

——Bishop street can discount all other streets in town for mud. On Saturday, a number of men were standing on the corner discussing the roads and speculating on the cause of the agitated condition of a certain mud hole, when presently a couple of dogs that had been fighting below came to the surface; then the mystery was solved.

——A fire broke out on Tuesday night, 30th ult., in the store occupied by Mr. J. S. Proudfoot, in Milesburg, which destroyed the entire stock of goods, valued at twenty five hundred dollars, upon which there was an insurance of twelve hundred. Supposed to have been set on fire. The building was owned by J. M. Green, Esq., and had no insurance on it.

——We forgot to mention that Rev. J. K. Miller preached his farewell sermon to the people of Centre Hall on Sunday before last. To run a blacksmith shop, and a couple of farms, and a dry goods store, and a drug store, and a saw mill, and keep the heathen of Centre Hall and vicinity within proper bounds, were rather more than one frail mortal could do successfully.

——There was a good deal of fun too in town on last Thursday, April 1. Among the many tricks, the dropping of packages addressed to the bank, with large amounts of money marked upon them, afforded considerable fun. One young man, whose honesty will never permit him to become a member of Congress, found one of said packages, and started on a run for the bank. He came out of that institution shortly afterwards, looking like the man who was caught with the wrong mutton on his back.

We doubt if he would have picked up another package that day if he had seen it contained a thousand dollars in greenbacks. Shortly after this young man's experience, an old gent of the celtic presuasion, was crossing the street and, seeing a package, stooped down cautiously and picked it up; it had an express label upon it and was directed to one of the banks and marked with the figures ten hundred and fifty dollars. He looked about him and seeing no one in sight, nervously slipped it into his bosom and started for home on a brisk run. As he passed a stable on the way to his home he was heard to say to himself, "ten hundred and fifty dollars in greenbacks in the midst of a panic, and gold worth a dollar and fifteen cents! Be the Powers its like a blessing from above and I'll stick till it like a Congressman." He returned about an hour afterwards his face wearing a very different expression, something like the man who would have drawn the capital prize, in the Kentucky Lottery, if the Typo had not made a mistake in the figure. Another trick was Frank Blair's nailing a large dry goods box to his cellar door and hanging on it a card for the express man to stop. Every express man that came along stopped, backed up his wagon, took out the end-gate, and went to work lifting that box in the wagon, each one declaring it to be the heaviest thing he ever attempted to handle. Then he would discern himself sold, jump into his wagon, wallop up his animal, while the crowd would withdraw to await the next victim. Eli drove up, his eyes glistening at the chance of making a little change, and the way he did exercise himself on that box was astonishing. After he discerned how badly he was sold he drove away, swearing in two or three different languages. The fun continued all day long, and we, as one of the unsold, feel that it is a good thing to have All-Fool's day come 'round annually.

——A Sad Suicide.—On Saturday morning last, says the Lewistown *Democrat*, of 25th ult., Lieut. Hiram McClenahan, residing on James H. Brown's farm near Zeiglerville, took his own life by shooting himself with a navy revolver. The ball entered the top of his forehead, and passed downward, causing almost instant death. The act was committed in a dark, back entry of the barn, soon after breakfast. He was found before life was quite extinct by a brother-in-law, who entered the barn to attend to some work. Mr. McC. was about 42 years of age, and stood very high amongst his neighbors as an industrious, upright man. During the late war he was a member of the Pennsylvania Bucktail regiment, and afterward of the 1st Penna. Reserve Cavalry, in which he became Lieutenant of Company C. Deceased left a wife and five children to mourn this sad event.

The Colored School Entertainment.—We regret to state that the entertainment given by the pupils of the colored school in Reynold's Hall on Monday and Tuesday evenings of last week were very slimly attended. The price of the tickets was rather high which was no doubt one of the causes, but the principal cause was a scarcity of money. Some of the scholars did excellently, and many of the pieces were well performed. The music furnished by Miss Bowen, was very fine. But we doubt if these exhibitions paid expenses, which is very discouraging to those having them in charge. We hope our colored friends will conclude to have another entertainment and that they may be greeted with a house crowded to overflowing.

——The magnificent store of H. Sechler & Co., is beyond all doubt the most desirable place to buy groceries. They keep no old, stale, musty goods; everything is fresh, clean and new; and the crowds of people going continually to and from this store is sufficient evidence that first class goods and extremely low prices an fully appreciated. To gardeners particularly this store is an attractive place, for here is to be found the finest supply of garden and flower seeds from the celebrated gardens of Briggs Bro's (said to be the best in the world) that has ever been brought to Bellefonte. Farmers, mechanics, laboring men, house-keepers, every body, go to Sechler & Co. for bargains, bargains, bargains!

——The poet says "It is not all of life to live;" and we couldn't help thinking, the other day when we saw that sad eyed man from Spring Creek at the grocery buying provisions for a wife and eleven ravenous children, that he would no doubt agree with the poet.

——Work has been resumed on the Jersey Shore and Pine Creek Railroad.

——Joy to the tramps—front door mats with the motto "welcome" upon them are the latest.

——Out of respect for the civil rights bill a Bellefonte hardware merchant calls his dog a colored and tan.

——Hon. W. K. Alexander, Centre county's double acting representative, was in town last week, looking dignified and important.

——Mr. Cam. Burnside, who has been appointed Assistant Paymaster in the Navy, left here last Friday to assume the duties of his new position.

——If any one imagines there is nothing that a Christian should grumble at, let him go a short distance into the country and try the roads.

——This has been the first season for a number of years that the farmers of this county have been unable to sow their oats in the month of March.

——We are pleased to notice in our list of exchanges many favorable mentions of Hon. John B. Linn in connection with the Republican nomination for the office of State Treasurer.

——The little busy buzz saw now improves each shining moment by walking boldly through everything that comes against it. Josiah Kerns of Scagertown has lost a couple of fingers.

J. B.—We are not suffering for any more odes to Spring, but as the wood pile is getting low and we fear another freeze up, you might send in a few well seasoned odes about the last of the week.

——At the public sale of Mr. B. V. Black's at Milesburg, on Saturday, March 27, his household goods sold exceedingly well. Mr. Black will continue to carry on the butchering business at that place.

——Next August is to have two moons, something which has not occurred for many years. This is a sign that people who do not pay the priater before that time will ever after be subject to poor health. We hope sickness may be a stranger to all our subscribers.

——Had that Spring township farmer who saved up a great lot of eggs until last Saturday, thinking that the next day was Easter, been in possession of an Almanac, he might have received a better price for his eggs and not have had his neighbors all laughing at him.

——Mr. Isaac Miller, late of Lemont, has taken charge of the Cummings House in this place. He is not a new hand at hoteling, and Mrs. Miller is one of the finest housekeepers in the county. We bespeak for the Cummings, under its new management, liberal patronage.

——There are about twenty five new houses, that we know of, under contract to be built in Bellefonte this summer. Nine of them are to be located on Linn street, above and below the residence of Edward T. Tuten. The prospect for a general revival of business is flattering.

——We are sorry to hear that the house of Mr. Peter Hoffman of Liberty township was destroyed by fire last week, together with nearly all its contents. His kind hearted neighbors went to work next day to build him a new house and he moved into the same on Saturday last.

——Some Eagleville merchants endeavored to turn an honest penny by selling alcohol, for doing which Mr. Kunes, the hotel man, has had them returned. This is on the principle, we suppose, that if a landlord can't have the privilege of selling plain whiskey, merchants should not sell alcohol which kills twice as quick.

——The Rt, Rev. M. A. DeW. Howe, Bishop of Central Pa., will make his annual visitation of the parish of St. Johns Church (Protestant Episcopal), Bellefonte, on Friday the 9th inst. Divine service with sermon by the Bishop in the Apostolic Rite of Confirmation, in the evening at half past seven o'clock.

H. J. W. Allen,
Rector.

——Mr. Edward Perks, of Philipsburg, has taken charge of the Brockerhoff House and will henceforth give his entire attention to the keeping of a first class hotel. Mr. Perks has hosts of friends all over the county, and he will no doubt receive a good big share of public patronage. We hope he may, for he is a clever, whole-souled man who will do his utmost to make the Brockerhoff one of the most pleasant, comfortable stopping places in the county.

——The horse jockey has long been looked upon with suspicion and as devoid of conscience as a monkey is of sentiment and song. In the matter of cheek he is immense and as an accumulator of lucre, he is generally considered a success, but he sinks into nothingness when compared with the average house owner of the present time. The words "to let" sull remain upon many miserable, played out, dilapidated rat nests, and if our people would conclude "to let" them remain unoccupied for a season or two, the greedy owners would probably come to their senses.

Altoona District.—The following is a brief synopsis of Rev. T. M. Reece, Presiding Elder, in regard to this (Altoona) District, Central Pa. Conference:

The labors of the preachers have been crowned with encouraging success.

In most of the charges revival influence has been realized, the pastors reporting 1200 conversions. The utter prostration of the lumber trade, the crippled condition of the iron interest and the reduction in time and wages in the authorities of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has produced extraordinary financial trouble.

During the year a large and commodious church has been erected by the Third Charge, Altoona. The Tipton Church has been finished and dedicated. The Bakersville Church has been completed, the indebtedness was fully provided for in the second instance and partially in case of the latter. The Mt. Zion Church on Lumber City Circuit was dedicated early last fall. The church at Julian Furnace, Fort Matilda Circuit, is still unfinished and the pressure of the times has precluded the possibility of its completion. In Clearfield Station a debt of three thousand ($3,000) dollars paid. An indebtedness has also been paid at Port Matilda.

Our people are fully awake to the importance of Sunday school work. They have adopted the most approved methods of teaching the word of God. The Sunday school Convention at Williamsburg was well attended, and was an occasion of considerable interest.

Whatever decline in the gifts of the people of the Altoona district to the cause of missions the statistics may reveal, must not be attributed to a lack of interest, but exclusively to a scarcity of money, which is without precedent in the experience of our people. They have an intelligent appreciation of this great benevolence of the church.

Three camp meetings were held during the year.

Of the one hundred and twenty Quarterly Conferences held during the year, the Presiding Elder was present at one hundred and fifteen of them, supervising the interests of the church.

——The ice and high water which threatened destruction to property, has we are happy to say, passed off without doing any damage to speak of. The paper mill dam broke some time ago which we are sorry to say is something of a loss to Messrs. J. F. Batchellor & Co. Had the planing mill dam not been of the very strongest, it could never have stood what it did. A few nights of watching and a little extra work no doubt saved other property from destruction. The gorges in both branches of the Susquehanna have passed down quietly, and little or no damage resulted, although the scare was a first class one.

——Our streets, as always in the Spring of the year, present a very ragged and filthy appearance, but we hope soon to see the shovel brigade out in full force and the debris carted from sight. When the streets are properly cleaned and repaired, and all nature is wearing o' the green, Bellefonte is then considered a delightful, healthy looking town, as it certainly is; and after a while, what a beautiful sight it will be, to the gay little feathered songsters, as they skip from bough to bough, to gaze down through the fresh, green, swaying branches, upon the droves of cows and flocks of pigs resting in the shade beneath.

——The Methodist church of this place was crowded on Sunday last to its utmost capacity by people of all denominations to hear the Rev. G. W. Miller deliver his introductory sermons. The reverend gentleman is a pleasant, forcible and, at times, eloquent speaker. For one so young, we doubt if he has a superior in the state. We predict but few empty pews hereafter in that church, when Mr. Miller preaches. Our Methodist friends are needing a new church, and we understand they are arranging to build in some more convenient locality than that in which the old church is situated.

——An Hibernian was standing at the depot the other day when a long freight train came in. Upon one of the cars were the words "Michigan Central." Pat eyed the car a few moments and then spelled the word as follows: "M-i-c-h—Mike, i-g-a-n—Egan, Mike Egan; by hokey I knew him in the ould counthry whin he hadn't a shirt to his back; an here he is over in Amerika, the owner of a whole thrain of cars, the meserable heathen."

——To vary the monotary of back woods life, the editor of the Curwensville *Times* has a libel suit on hands. Some wretch with whom the panic has no doubt played havoc, has taken this means of raising the wind. The idea of getting damages out of an editor! But if it is for defamation of character, the *Times* man might hand the fellow a postage stamp and call it square.

——There was to have been a meeting of Directors of the L. C. & T. R. R., held on last Tuesday, but it was postponed on account of the absence of Mr. Scott, in consequence of which there was no letting of the Rail Road work. It is annoying to note the little interest these rail road dignitaries manifest in this road.

Child Drowned.—On Monday evening, March 29, Molly Tompson, of Spruce town, aged about six years, was drowned in attempting to cross a foot log over Laurel Run. The child was not found until the next day, when the water had carried the body nearly a half mile down the stream.—*Reporter.*

——A small stock of store goods, which Mr. Thomas of Boalsburg, had stored in a room in his house was destroyed by fire on Friday, March 26. The room was also much damaged. Insured in the Penns Valley Company.—*Reporter.*

——For the past week our town has been extremely dull. Not an accident, or runaway, not a birth nor a—yes one marriage. Everybody has been moving. Cold dinners, cross babies, and scolding wives have been the order of the day.

——Senator Wallace returned home on Friday last in good health.

——Last week Capt. Wm. Ickoff sold his property near the big spring to Mr. Wilbur Twitmire of this place.

——Major S. H. Yocum will soon be occupying his beautiful new residence on his farm, below town.

——Mr. Richard McClain, proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel, Altoona, died at that place last week. He was a brother of Mr. Frank McClain formerly of this place.

——The *Watchman* was unusually dry last week. We suppose its editors were trying to April fool their readers, and we must say, we guess they were all pretty well fooled!

——It is said that the woman who can get through cleaning house without losing her temper has been discovered. She lives down the country and is said to be partially insane.

——Mr. R. F. Rankin has fitted up his handsome new drug store, on High Street opposite Bush's Arcade, and is opening and arranging his stock of new goods. Call in and see.

——Now after a lapse of ninety odd years the scientists have decided that spitting on the hook is nonsence and does not in the least help to catch the fish. Many a man will grit his teeth over this fact.

——A special court is being held this week to try that lengthy case of the Norwood Coal & Lumber Co. vs Ellis & Co. Valuable timber and mineral lands are involved. The trial will probably take all week. Judge Mayer is on the bench.

——Rev. G. W. Miller, arrived on Friday, that very wet, disagreeable day, going directly from the depot to his new home on Curtin street, where he found dinner ready and plenty of his parishioners waiting to receive him.

——Now as the warm, balmy days lengthen, we cannot but note the gradual lengthening of the faces of coal dealing men, and also the pleasant, hopeful smile of him who speculates in congealed water.

——A charming day was Sunday. The sun was genial and the air as balmy as in June. Everybody was out for a promenade in the afternoon and Bellefonte really seemed as if ready for flies, potato-bugs, dust and lightning rod men.

——Now the season is at hand when the gushing swain can comfortably hang upon the ragged edges, until his celestial earthly sweetness appears for escort home. And he vows to haunt that church door until the cold winds of December freeze him out, the calf.

——Clearfield is bound to have a hook and ladder and bucket company. But those things are not of much account without a few fires. Our Clearfield neighbors, however, are of the enterprising kind, and no doubt if they can't do any better will now and then import a conflagration.

——The post master at Kane, is a very industrious man. He never liked to be idle. Having nothing else to do lately he busied himself by opening letters that were intended for other folks. He has business at Erie now and will probably not get through until after the U. S. Court sits in that city.

——Professor Henry Meyer, candidate for County Superintendent, was in town on Monday last. Mr. Meyer is a thorough scholar and gentleman and seems to have the inside track for the Superintendency. We have not the least doubt that he will make a most excellent officer.

——A blooded pig in Lancaster county is distinguished from its inferior companions by a silver plated ring in his snout, and the local papers are making quite a fuss about it, but that's nothing for Bellefonte; there are a number of the same breed here living in twenty thousand dollar pens, and they seldom use corn in any other than a liquid state.

——Decoration Day occurs this year on Saturday, for which the law thus specially provides: "When that day falls on the first day of the week the day preceding it shall be a holiday, and it shall be lawful to require payment of all notes, checks and bills of exchange, due and payable on such holiday, to be made on the secular day next previous thereto."

Penn Hall Academy.—This institution will open on the 12th of April. The Trustees have secured the services of Prof. G. D. Gurley, a graduate of Franklin and Marshal College, Lancaster, Pa., who comes highly recommended as a thorough scholar, and an experienced teacher. The school will be classical and normal. Boarding can be had at very reasonable rates, near the school. For particulars, apply to Gen. Geo. Buchanan or J. B. Fisher, Penn Hall, Pa.

——On Saturday evening at the depot a fellow with an overload of benzine was staggering about in a promiscuous manner, and finally stumbled against a couple of ladies and nearly threw them from their feet. At that moment a gentleman, standing near by, lifted his cane and dealt the chap a rap on the cranium which sent him to grass. The verdict of the bystanders was "served him right," and the man with the cane was complimented for doing the brute and the community a good turn.

——Judge Orvis went to Clearfield County yesterday to hold argument court.

——Spinner having stepped down and out, we will now have a new name on the greenbacks—John C. New.

——An old lady on Spring street wonders if merchants have no other place to lay but in their spring goods.

——Our new mayor has got a bran new suit of clothes; he now looks like the dashing clothing merchant of ye long ago.

——Now with four drug stores, any number of doctors, every body well and getting better, what a blue look out is this for those interested in human infirmaties.

——The Messrs. Johnson, late proprietors of the Brockerhoff House, have moved into Haupt's building near the depot, in the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs. N. K. Dare.

——Read the advertisement of J. E. Hauhenbery in our advertising columns He is determined to sell his ice the coming season at prices so low that all can buy. Patronize the Bellefonte ice man.

——The one hundreth anniversary of the battle of Lexington occurs on the 19th of this month. We fear that the survivors of that bloody contest in Bellefonte will not have the patriotism to celebrate.

——In a town in the lower end of the county two rival lovers met at a spelling contest, with the understanding that the winner should have the bride. The winner may wish, before fall, that he was the worst speller in the State.

——A great writer says that woman is like ivy; the more you are ruined the more she clings to you, whereupon a scoffer adds that he thinks so too—that woman is like ivy, the more she clings to you, the more you are ruined.

——In another column will be found the advertisement of Shortlidge & Co., of Cayuga Plaster to which we call the attention of the farmers of Centre county. The Cayuga is claimed to be equally as good as the Nova Scotia and much cheaper.

——A new paper called the Sunday *Times*, has just been stated in Williamsport, edited by E. S. Watson, S. S. Heatherlin and J. B. M. Math. Sunday *Times* is as good a name to starve on as any other, but we hope the new venture may be a success.

Hymenial.—On Sunday, 4th inst., by the Rev. Freidenthal of Williamsport, at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. Herman Holtz to Miss Amelia Joseph. Those who had the good fortune to be present, say the occasion was delightful. Our young friends have our congratulations.

Is Your Life Worth 10 Cents?—Sickness prevails everywhere, and everbody complains of some disease during their life. When sick, the object is to get well; now we say plainly that no person in this world that is suffering with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heart-burn, Palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, &c., can take GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER without getting relief and cure. If you doubt this, go to your Druggist, F. P. Green, and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it. Regular size 75 cts. Two doses will relieve you.

6-43-1y-eow.

The rumor that Pedro II. of Brazil contemplates an early abdication of the throne is false. Probably the foundation of the story is the report that the Emperor proposes to make a tour of Europe and of this country, leaving the administration of affairs temporarily in charge of his daughter, the Countess den. But even of this there has been no official intimation. There are special reasons, also, why the Emperor should be personally present in his dominions at this time, chief among which are the delicate relations existing between his Government and that of the Argentine Republic with respect to the control of the navigation of the tributaries of the La Plata.

—Sixty-one residents of the rural districts in Indiana county publish a card in the papers, warning sportsmen and fishermen that they must keep off the land owned by these respective parties, or otherwire abide by the consequences.

MARRIED

On Oct. 15, 1874, at the residence of A. D. Elsten, Kylertown, by A. Rayman, Esq., Robert Mingle and Miss Kary Hollenbeck, both of Clearfield county, Pa.

On Feb. 26, 1875, at the M. E. Parsonage, in Bellefonte, by Rev. M. L. Smyser, Mr. John From and Miss Sarah Horner, both of Centre Hall, Pa.

On March 28, 1875, at the M. E. Parsonage, in Bellefonte, by Rev. M. L. Smyser, Mr. Alfred H. Chandler and Miss Harriet Simmons, both of Centre Co., Pa.

DIED.

On the 29th ult., at Penn Hall, Geo. B. Guise, only son of Manassa H. and Sarah Guise, aged six months and nineteen days.

He was a very sweet and interesting childs and his loss mournful to the family.

In Bellefonte, on the 29th ult., Ellen Margaretta, infant daughter of Daniel S. and Martha E. Keller, aged eight months.

"Not lost but gone before."

To the friends and neighbors whose kindness and sympathy were so abundantly manifested in the hour of their affliction, the bereaved parents return their heartfelt thanks.